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via donau – Österreichische Wasserstraßen-Gesellschaft mbH

Container Development in Constanta and potentials for the Danube Waterway

Smart Rivers 2007 Conference

September 17, 2007

Louisville, Kentucky

Gerhard Gussmagg

A new transport route for Europe-Asia traffic: Constanta and the Danube waterway



Project COLD

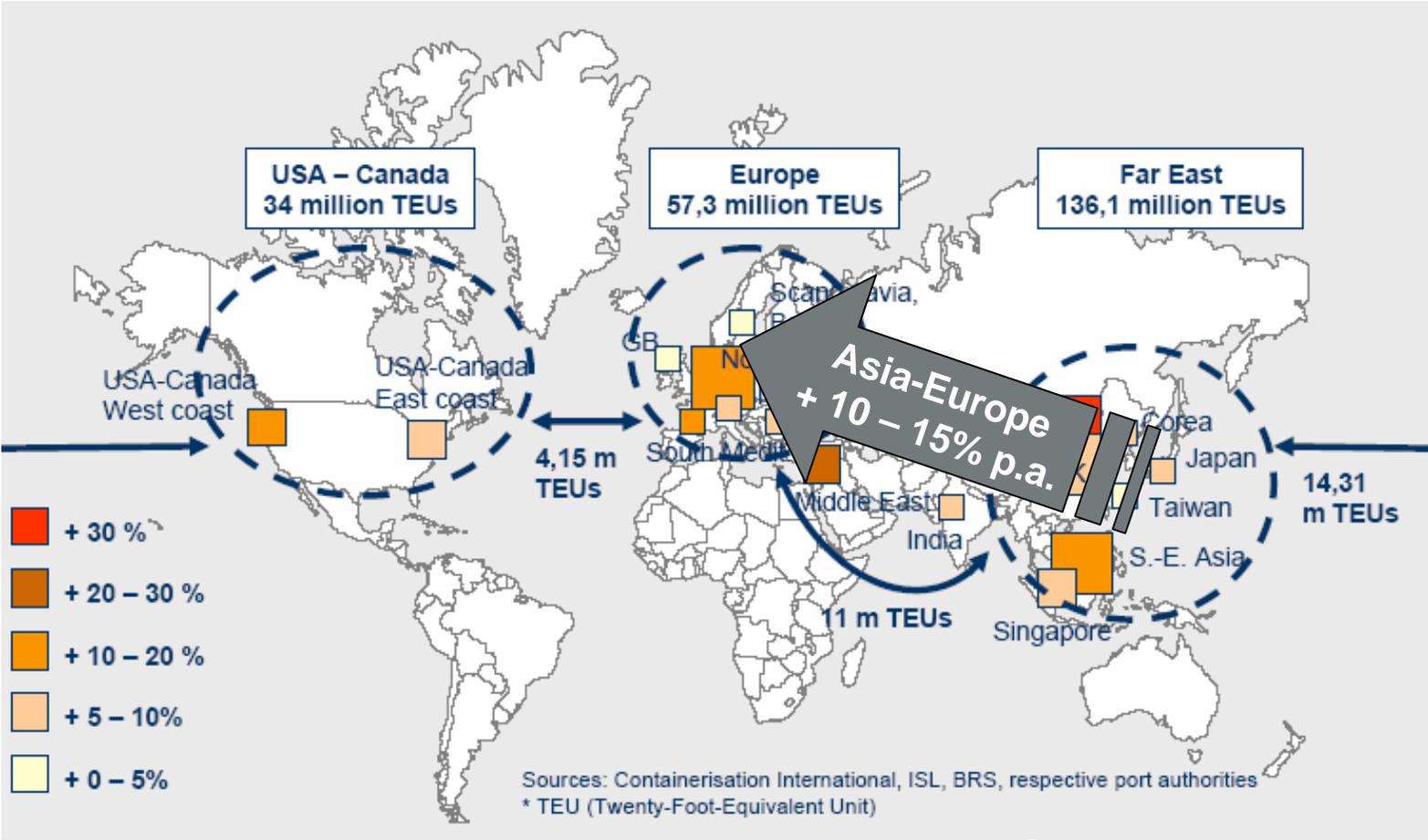
Container Liner Service Danube

- Austrian – Romanian initiative
- Provides unbiased and comprehensive information on potentials to all interested stakeholders
- Pre-feasibility study covering:
 - Starting situation
 - Market and peer analysis
 - Inland navigation concept
 - Analysis of supply chain Austria – Shanghai in terms of duration, cost and environmental balance
 - Conclusions and recommendations for action

Chapter 1 – Starting Situation

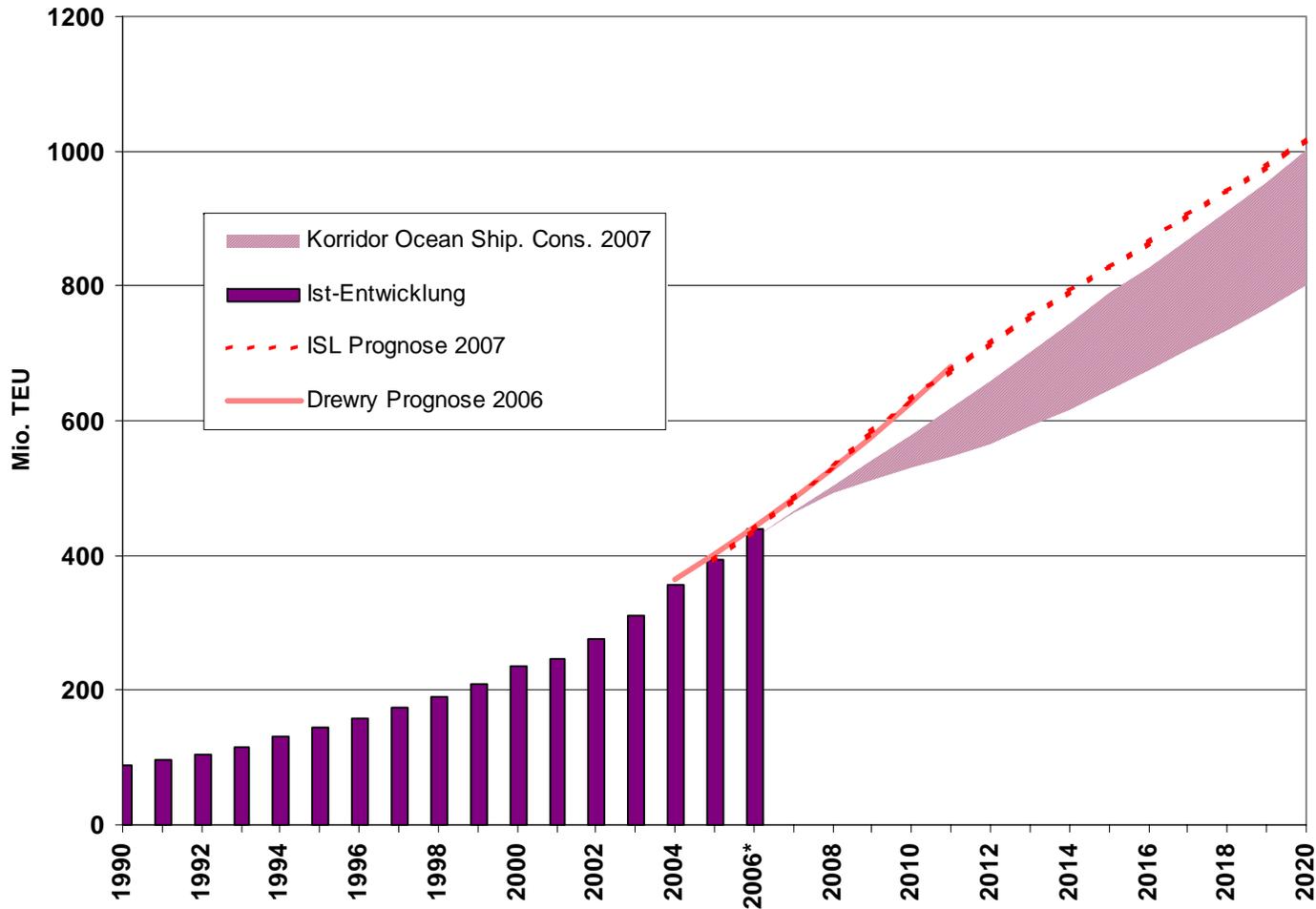
- Enormous growth of container volumes
- Capacity bottlenecks at major sea ports and congested hinterland routes
- Success Stories of inland navigation in Western Europe
- Developments in the Black Sea area and in Constanta

Growing container flows...



Source: Hulocon 2005

... and port throughput



* 2006 vorläufige Schätzung
 Quelle: ISL 2007

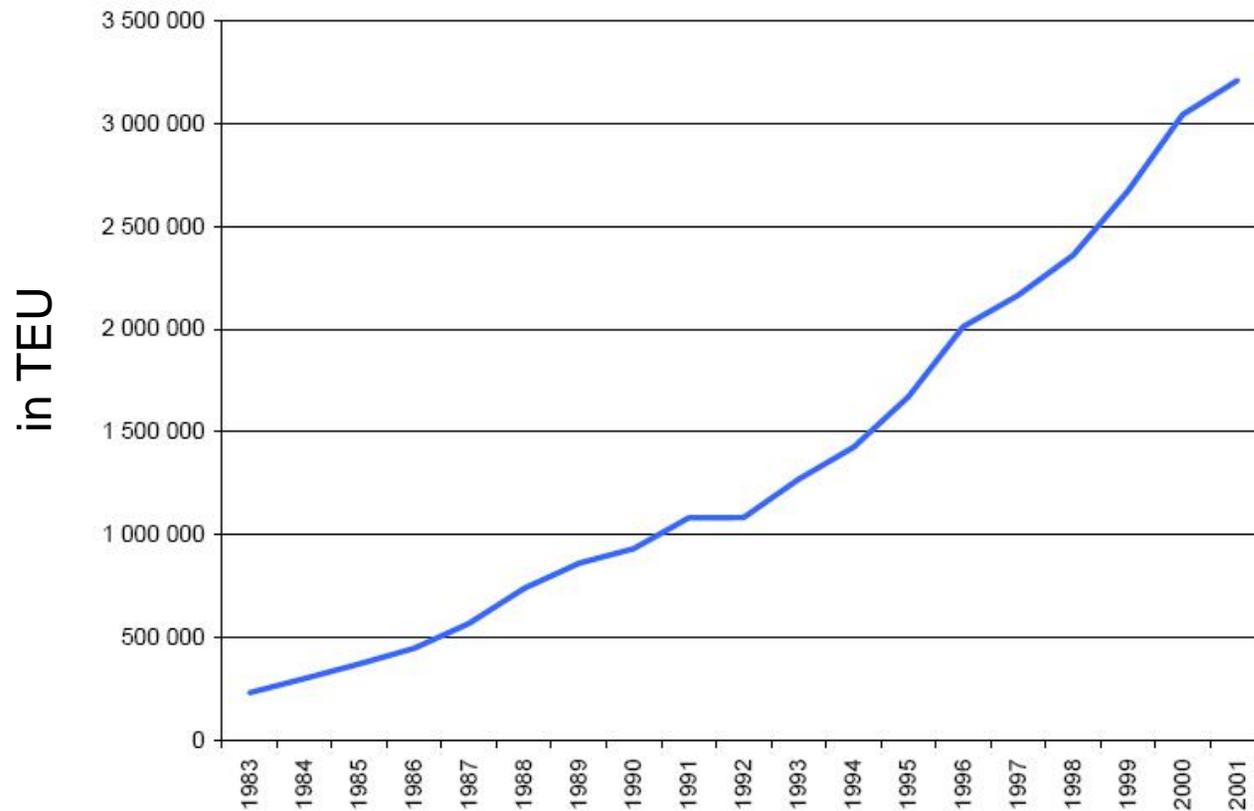


World Top Container Ports 2006

<u>Container</u> <u>Port</u>	<u>Throughput in million TEU</u>			<u>Growth rate</u>	<u>Growth rate</u>
	2006	2005	2001	<u>2001- 2005</u>	<u>2005 - 2006</u>
1. Singapore	24.8	23.2	15.6	+ 49%	+ 7%
2. Hong Kong	23.5	22.5	17.8	+ 26%	+ 5%
3. Shanghai	21.7	18.1	6.3	+ 187%	+ 20%
4. Shenzhen	18.5	16.2	5.1	+ 218 %	+ 14%
5. Busan	11.9	11.8	8.1	+ 46%	+ 1%
6. Kaohsiung	9.7	9.5	7.5	+ 27%	+ 2%
7. Rotterdam	9.6	9.3	6.1	+ 53%	+ 3%
8. Dubai	8.92	7.6	3.5	+ 117 %	+ 17%
9. Hamburg	8.86	8.1	4.7	+ 72%	+ 10%
10. Los Angeles	8.5	7.5	5.2	+ 44 %	+ 13%
85. Constanta	1.0	0.8	0.12	+ 542%	+ 35%

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Container transport on European inland waterways



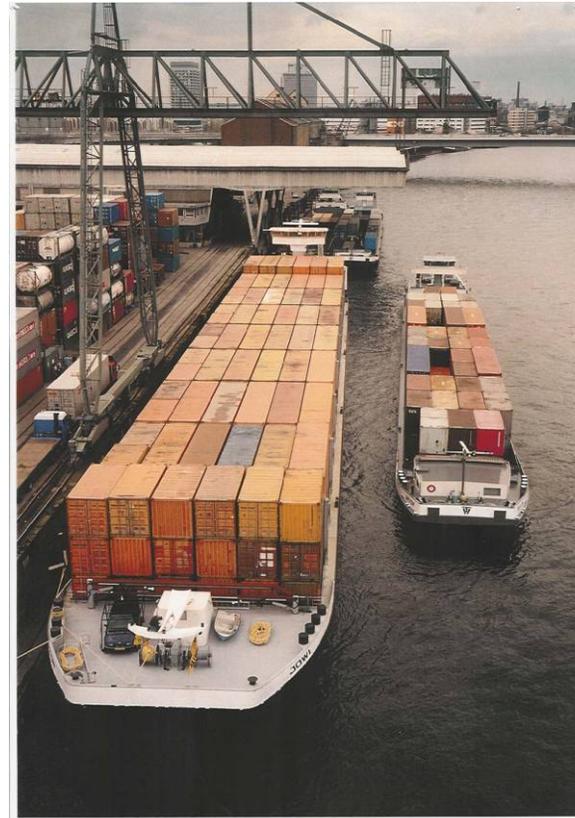
Source: VNF - CCNR

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European Success Stories

- **Rhine**

- Yearly movements of more than 1.8 Mio TEU
- Daily services between ARA-ports (Amsterdam-Rotterdam-Antwerp) and German Hubs
- Usage of high-capacity vessels: JOWI etc.



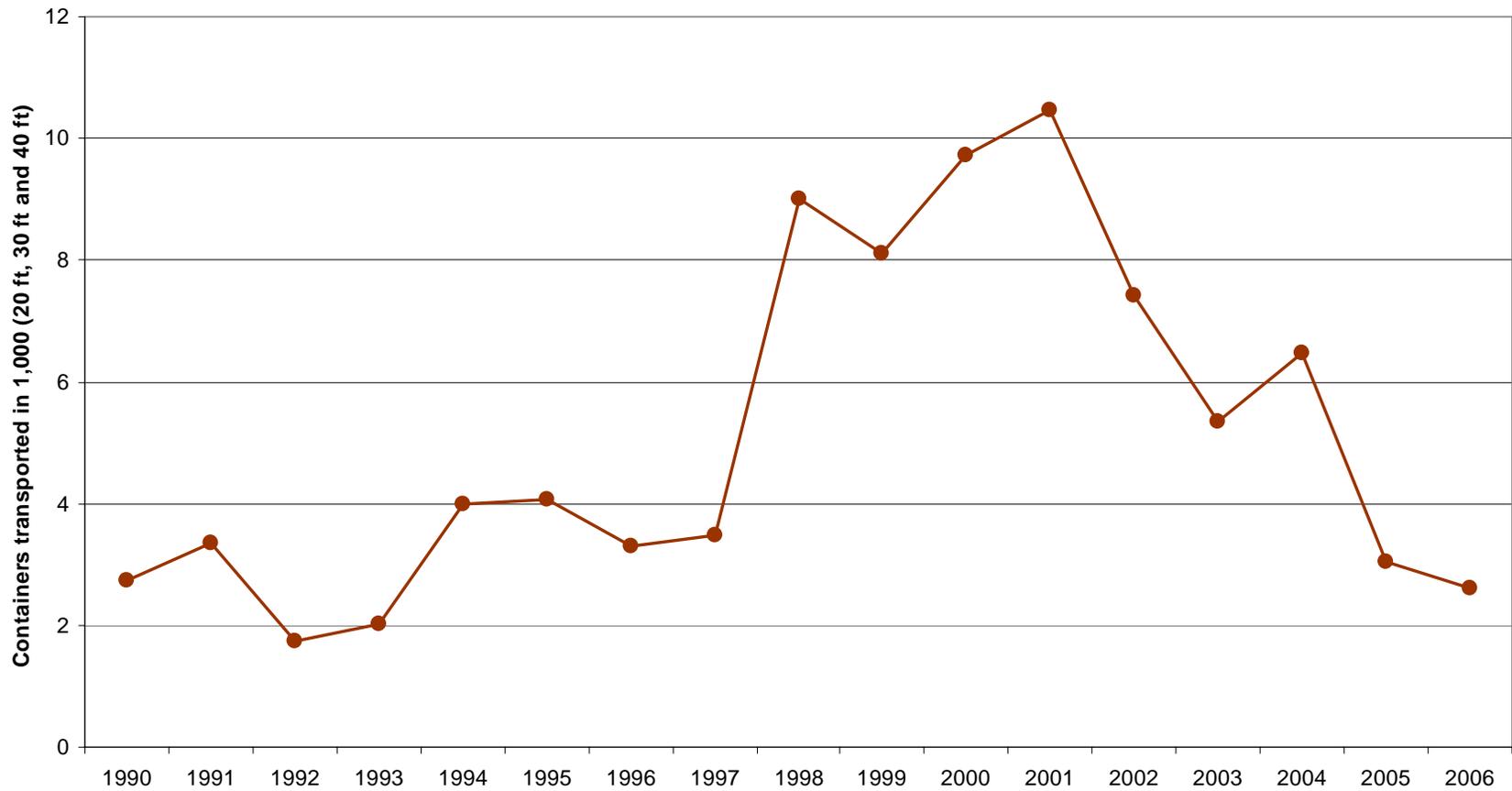
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European Success Stories (2)

- **France: Seine/Rhône**
 - Container market literally booming with an increase of 20% on the Rhône (2005: 55,807 TEU) and 40% on the Seine (2005: 121,584)
 - New services from Marseille up to Lyon etc.
- **Belgian waterways**
 - Container transport average yearly increase of 31 % between 1994 and 2004



Container transport on the Austrian Danube



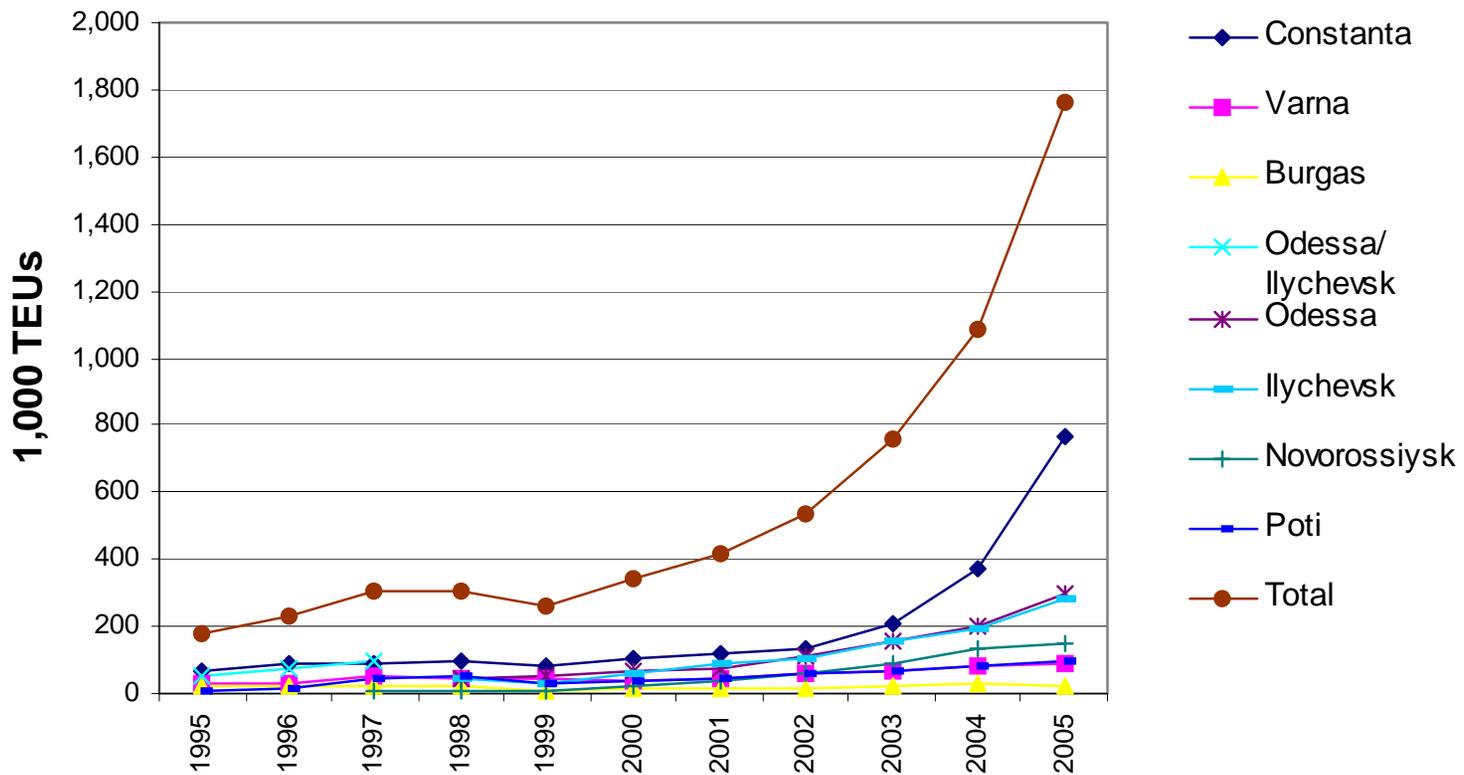
Source: Statistik Austria

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Reasons for the underdevelopment

- Massive impediments for Danube navigation by the two crises in former Yugoslavia.
- Nautical and economic difficulties for inland navigation in the western direction (long transport times to ARA passing through more than 60 locks and from the very competitive block train routes).
- In the East, there were no important maritime container hubs in the estuary mouth of the Danube.
- BUT, we have a different situation now...

Black Sea: Container throughput by Port, 1995-2005



Source: Ocean Shipping Consultants „The European & Mediterranean Containerport Markets to 2015

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Developments in the Black Sea Area (1)

Container throughput at Black Sea ports increased by factor 10 over 1995-2005 to **1.76 Mio TEU**.

Recently, several direct services to/from the Far East have been introduced:

- CMA-CGM: *Bosporus Express*
- China Shipping / ZIM
- Hapag Lloyd / CSAV Norasia: *Asia Black Sea Service – ABS*
- MSC: *Tiger Service*
- Maersk Line: A3 Dartmouth start April 2007

Developments in the Black Sea Area (2)

Total volumes of all relevant countries (Romania, Bulgaria, Ukraine, Black Sea Russia, Georgia) are forecasted to increase to **3 Mio TEU in 2010** and **5 Mio TEU in 2015**.

Source: Source: Ocean Shipping Consultants „The European & Mediterranean Containerport Markets to 2015

CSCT Constantza South Container Terminal



Operator: DP World

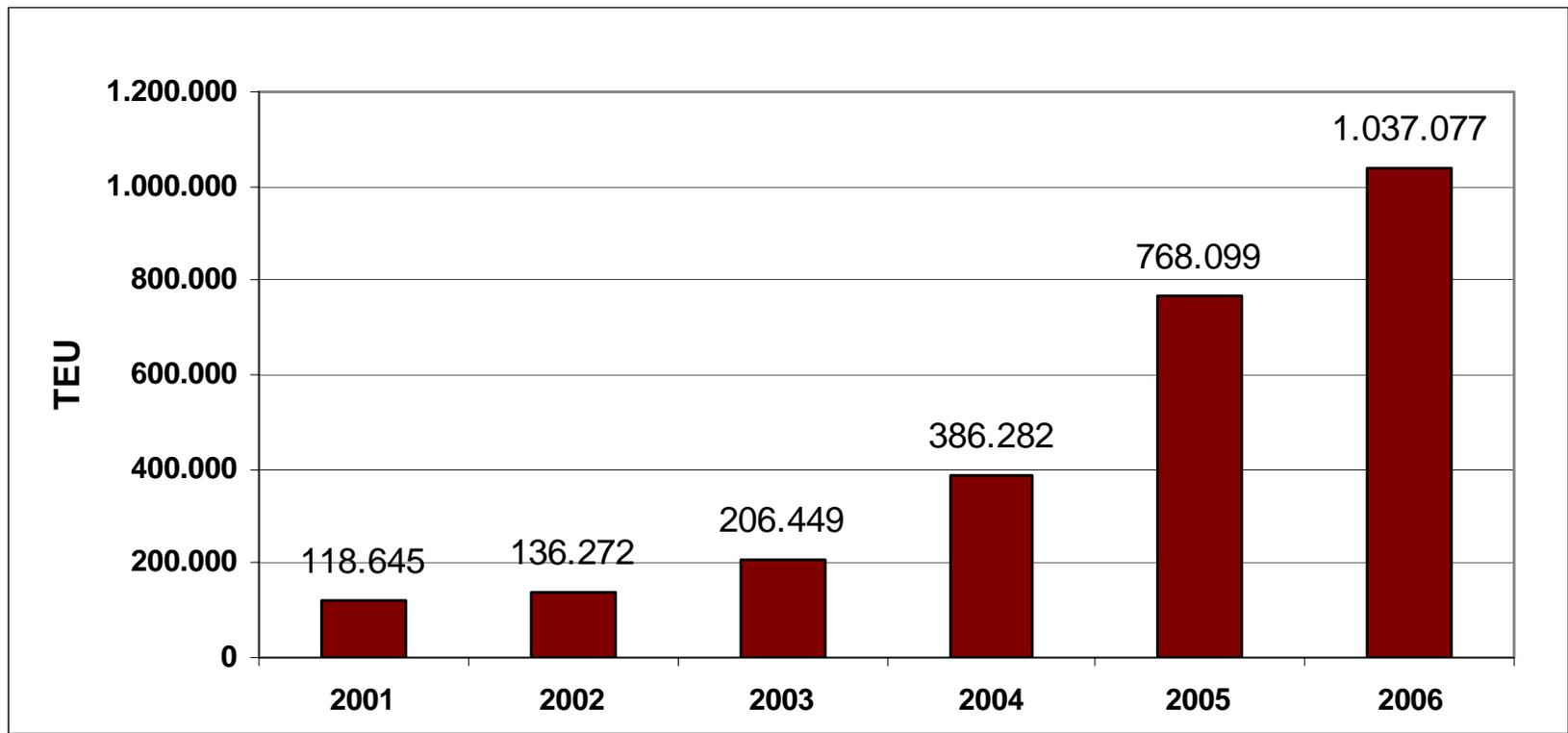
Main berth: 634 m, 5 x Post-Panamax Mitsubishi Gantry Cranes, min. 14.5 m depth



Source: CSCT, Sept. 2007

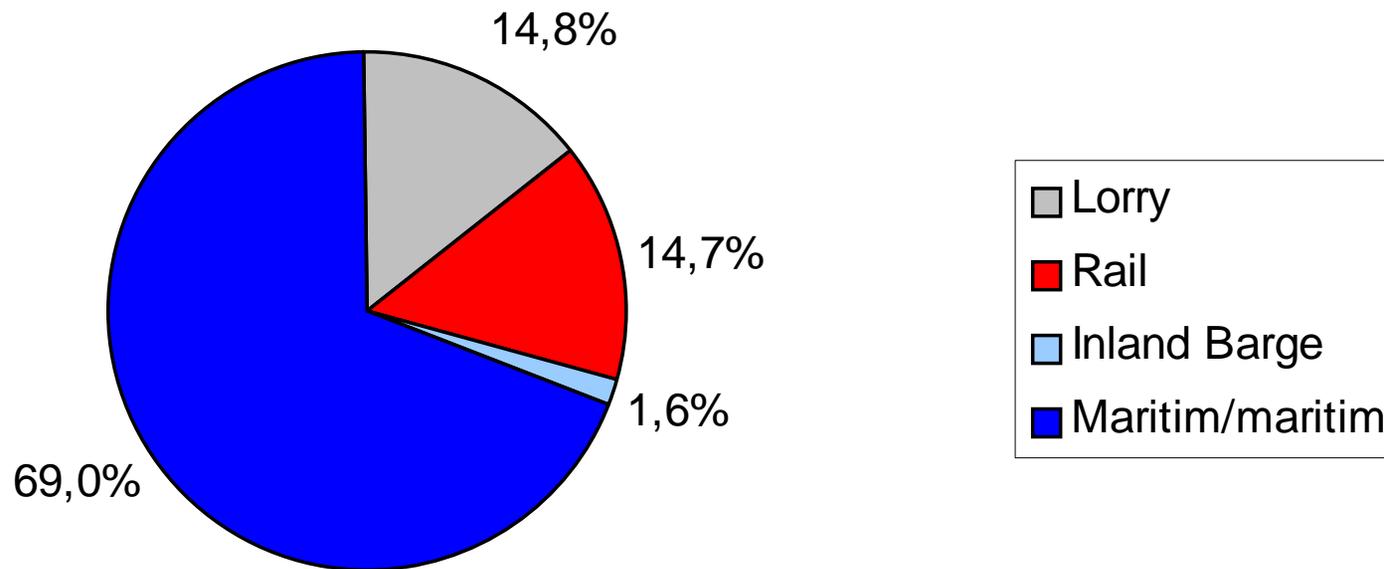
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Container volumes in Constanta Period 2001 - 2006



Source: Constanta Port

Modal Split Container throughput Port of Constanta 2006 (total 1.037 Mio TEU)



Share of „Hinterland-Containers“: 31 % (322,000 TEU)

Modal Split: 47% Rail, 48% Truck, 5 % Inland vessel

Source: Port of Constanta

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Development plans CSCT for 2007

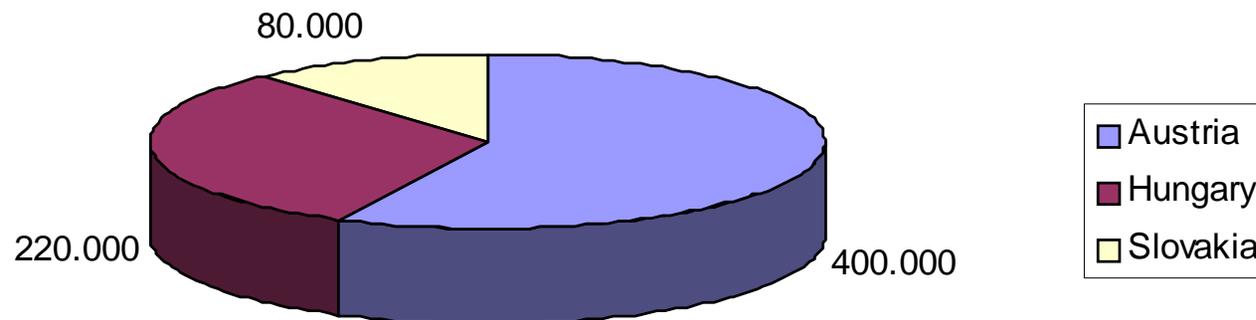
- Additional ground slots - Area C will provide 1200 ground slots increasing capacity by approximately 200,000 teu per annum, commencing construction March,
- 2 Super Post-Panamax Quay Cranes commission June/July,
- 1 Mobile Harbour Crane, commission June,
- 20 Internal Terminal Transfer Vehicles (ITVs), commissioning Jan to May ,
- 1 Empty Handler, deliver June,
- Additional feeder berth of 200 meters – on-line July/August subject to final port administration sign-off.

Chapter 2- Market and Peer analysis

- Existing overseas container volumes of Austria, Hungary and Slovakia
- Railway rates for shuttle-train connections North Range and Adria
- Macro-economic analysis of cargo flows
- Potential container volumes for Danube navigation (2010/2015/2020)

Market and peer analysis

- Altogether, the current overseas container volume for the region of Austria, Hungary and Slovakia is estimated at around 700,000 TEU per year.



Preferred seaports per country

Austria

- Predominance of the North Sea ports (95 %)
- Total volume (incl. bulk): Rotterdam first, followed by Koper
- Container: Hamburg share more than 50 %, followed by Bremen and Rotterdam

Hungary (container)

- 2/3 import, 1/3 export
- North-sea dominance (75%)
- Hamburg share nearly 50 %, followed by Koper and Bremerhaven

Selected railway rates (container)

		20 ft (8-16.5 t)	40 ft (22-34 t)
Vienna Freudenau CCT	Hamburg Waltershof	€ 325	€ 618
Linz Port CCT	Hamburg Süd / Bhav.	€ 308	€ 587
Krems Port CCT	Rotterdam Maasvlakte	€ 340	€ 670
Györ LCH	Rotterdam Pernis	€ 368	€ 649
Budapest BILK	Koper Luka	€ 226	€ 445
Bratislava SPAP	Hamburg Eurokai (via Prague)	€ 413	€ 715

- Railway rates obtained by a small forwarder; including one container handling in the inland terminal;

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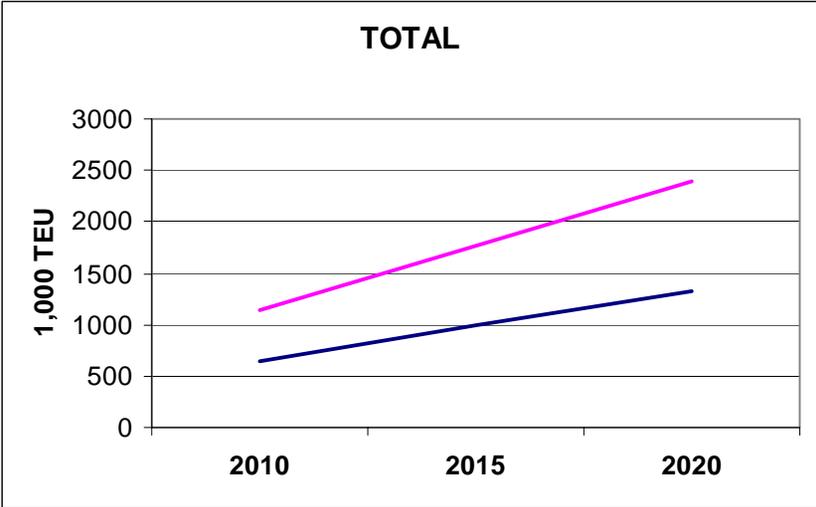
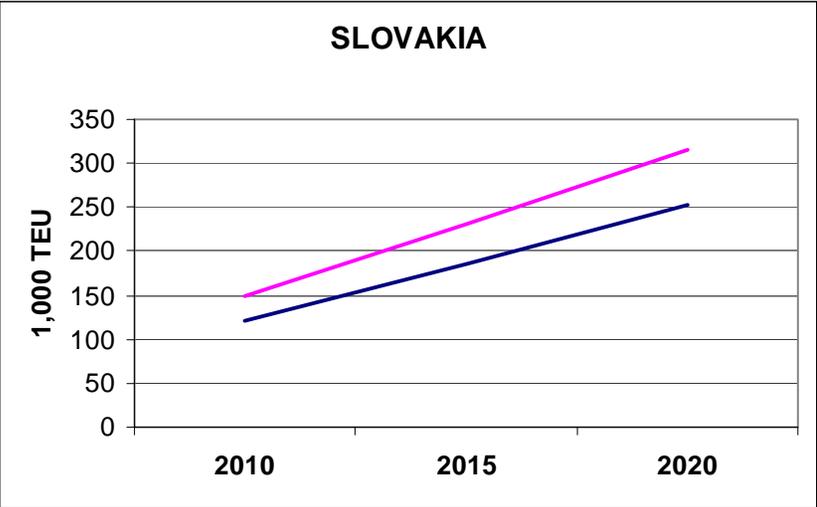
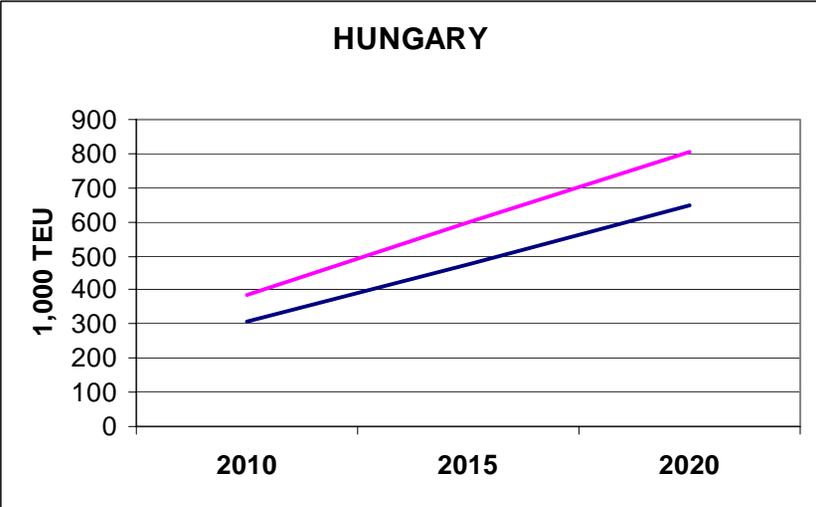
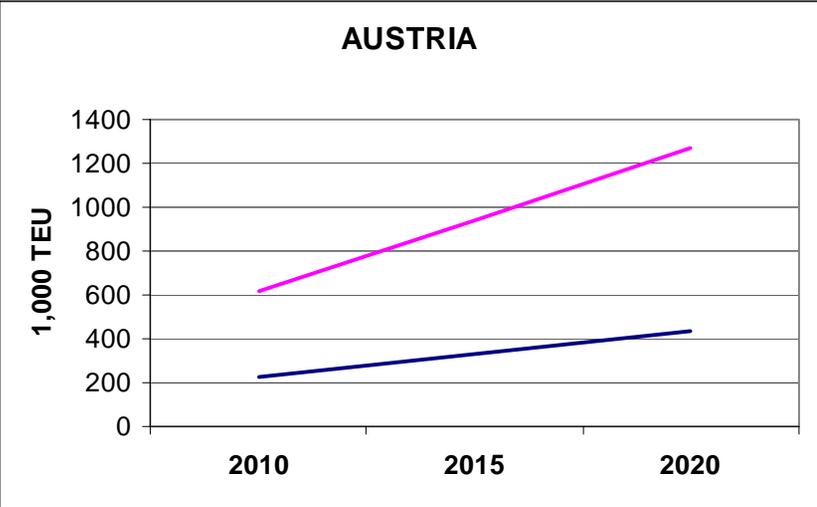
Forecast of the flow of goods (ÖIR)

- Analysis of foreign trade between Austria, Slovakia and Hungary and selected European countries and overseas regions.
- Calculation was based on a theoretical containerization.
- Calculation includes continental shipments in the Danube region as well as short-sea (Maghreb, Levant, Turkey) and overseas shipments (Near East, Southeast and East Asia).

Source: ÖIR, 2006

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Inland Navigation Potential



— Pessimistic Scenario — Optimistic Scenario

Chapter 3 – Inland Navigation Concept

- Detailed description of a container liner service between Krems and Constanta in terms of duration, cost and capacity
- Base scenario (conventional vessels, double stack) vs. optimised scenario (adapted container vessels, triple stack)
- Framework of Danube navigation: Locks, border crossings, inland port and Black Sea Canal fees

Inland navigation concept

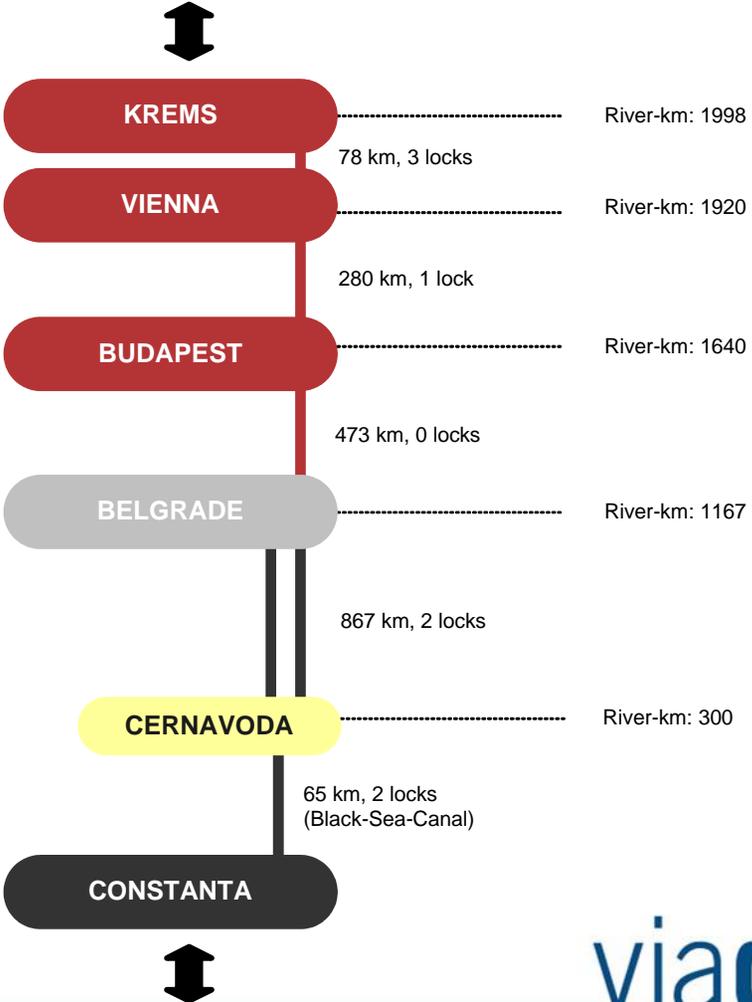


Wasserstraße Donau

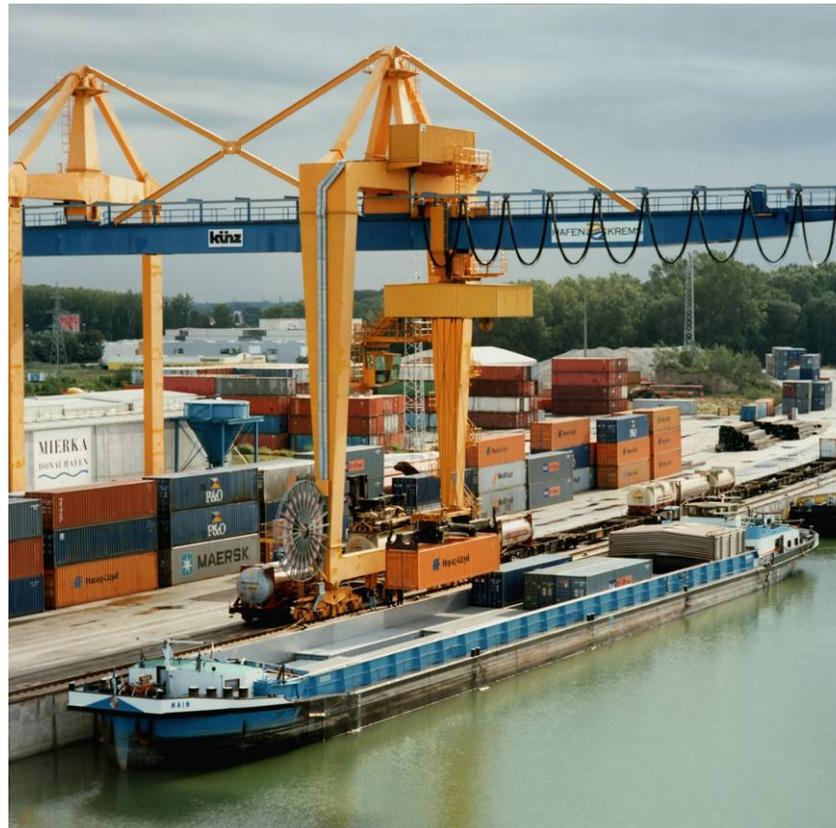
UNECE-Klassen

- VII
 - VIa, b, c
 - Va, b
 - IV
 - III
 - I, II
 - Sonstige
-
- Schleuse
 - Hebewerk
 - 900 Kilometrierung
-
- Städte
- Hauptstadt
 - Sonstige
 - Staatsgrenze
-
- Häfen
- Bedeutend
 - Sonstige

Distances and Main Inland Terminals



Selected inland port in Lower Austria: Mierka Donauhafen Krems

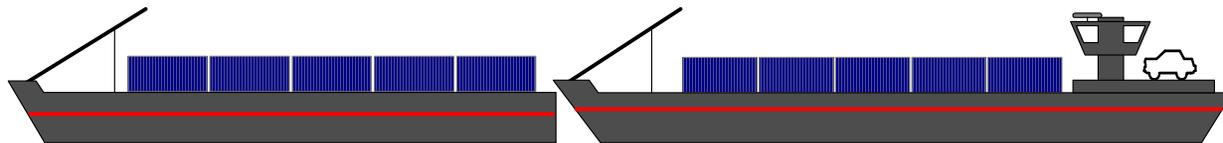


Source: Mierka Donauhafen Krems

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BASE SCENARIO: Danube-Service using available fleet capacity

- Roundtrip **Krems – Constanta – Krems** (3,526 km) in 3 weeks
- Deployment of 3 convoys → Weekly departures from Constanta and Krems
- Structure of convoy: Self propelled vessel + 1 Barge
- Capacity of convoy: 120 TEU (60 TEU per vessel: 10 x 3, double-stack)
- Annual capacity: 4,100 TEU / convoy 12,500 / total



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Cost situation base scenario

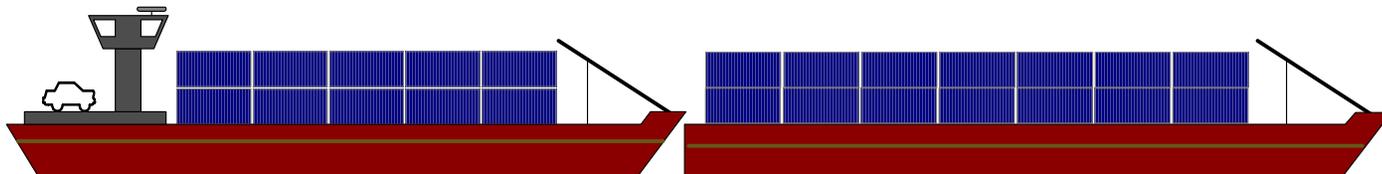
Relation:	Krems - Constanta
Typ of vessel:	MCV + PL, capacity per 60 TEU
Capacity of convoy	120 TEU
round-trip time	21 Days
Lump sum cost per round-trip	€70,000

Utilisation	100%	90%	75%	50%
TEU per round-trip	240	216	180	120
Vessel cost per TEU incl. canal fees	291.67 €	324.07 €	388.89 €	583.33 €
Waterside handling fee per container	35.00 €	35.00 €	35.00 €	35.00 €
Pierage per TEU	5.00 €	5.00 €	5.00 €	5.00 €
Basic cost 20'	331.67 €	364.07 €	428.89 €	623.33 €
Basic cost 40'	628.33 €	693.15 €	822.78 €	1,211.67 €

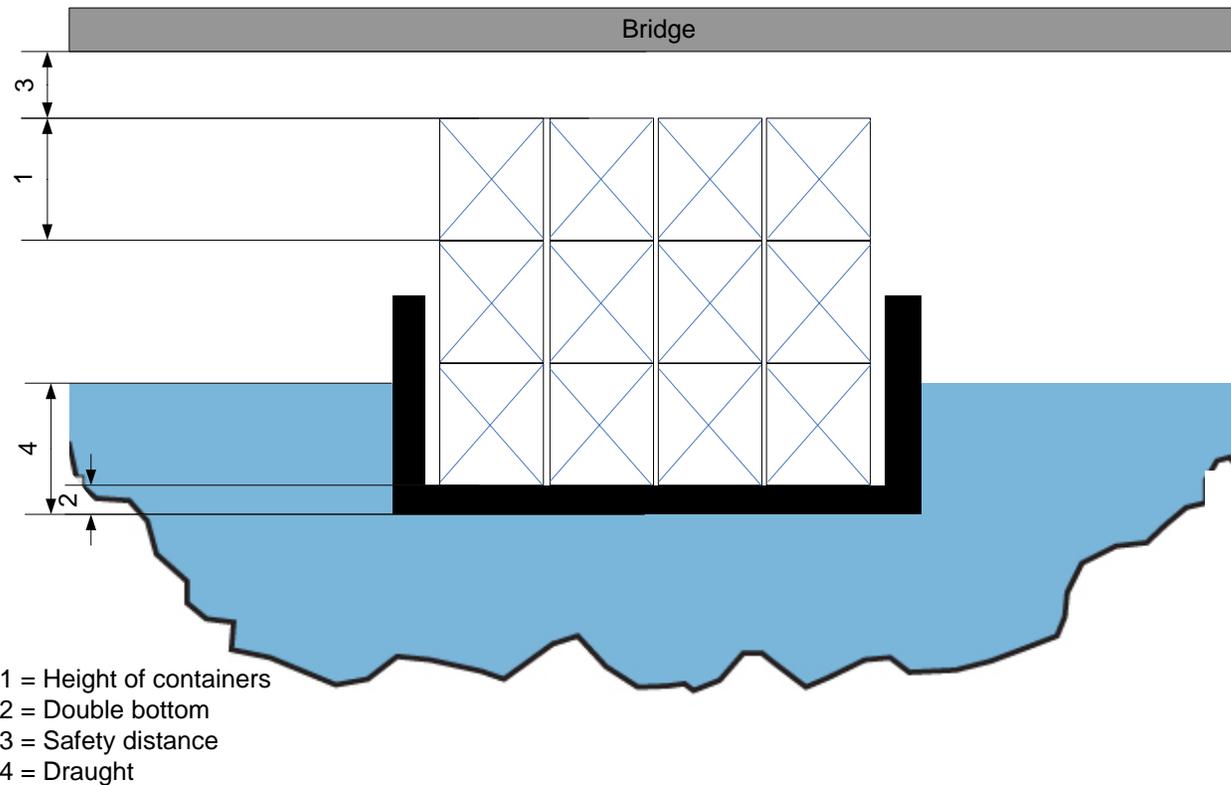
Railway rate approx. €340/TEU €670/40' **viadonau**

OPTIMISED SCENARIO: using adapted container vessels and 3 layers

- Roundtrip **Krems-Constanta-Krems** in 16 days
- Structure of convoy: Self propelled vessel (DDSG 'Steinklasse') + 1 Barge adapted for container transport (4 x 11 x 3)
- Capacity of convoy: 222 TEU (90 + 132 TEU, triple stack!)
- Annual capacity per convoy: 10,000 TEU



Vertical clearance situation



Only one critical bridge: Temporary railway bridge Novi Sad at HNWL

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Cost situation optimised scenario

Relation:

Krems - Constanta

Typ of vessel:

MCV + PL, capacity 90/132 TEU

Capacity of convoy

222 TEU

round-trip time

16 Days

Utilisation	100%*	75%	50%
Cost per round-trip	€ 63,794	€ 59,727	€ 55,661
TEU per round-trip	444	333	222
Vessel cost per TEU	143.68 €	179.36 €	250.72 €
Canal fee per TEU	8.54 €	11.39 €	17.08 €
Waterside handling fee per container	35.00 €	35.00 €	35.00 €
Pierage per TEU	5.00 €	5.00 €	5.00 €
Basic cost 20'	192.22 €	230.75 €	307.80 €
Basic cost 40'	349.44 €	426.50 €	580.61 €

Railway rate approx. €340/TEU €670/40'



Chapter 4 – Analysis of Supply Chain Krems-Shanghai

- Deep-sea voyage to Hamburg plus Hinterland connection via shuttle train vs. Constanta plus Danube navigation
- Assessment in terms of duration, cost and environmental balance
- Target group ocean carriers: Results of interviews in Vienna, Budapest and Belgrade

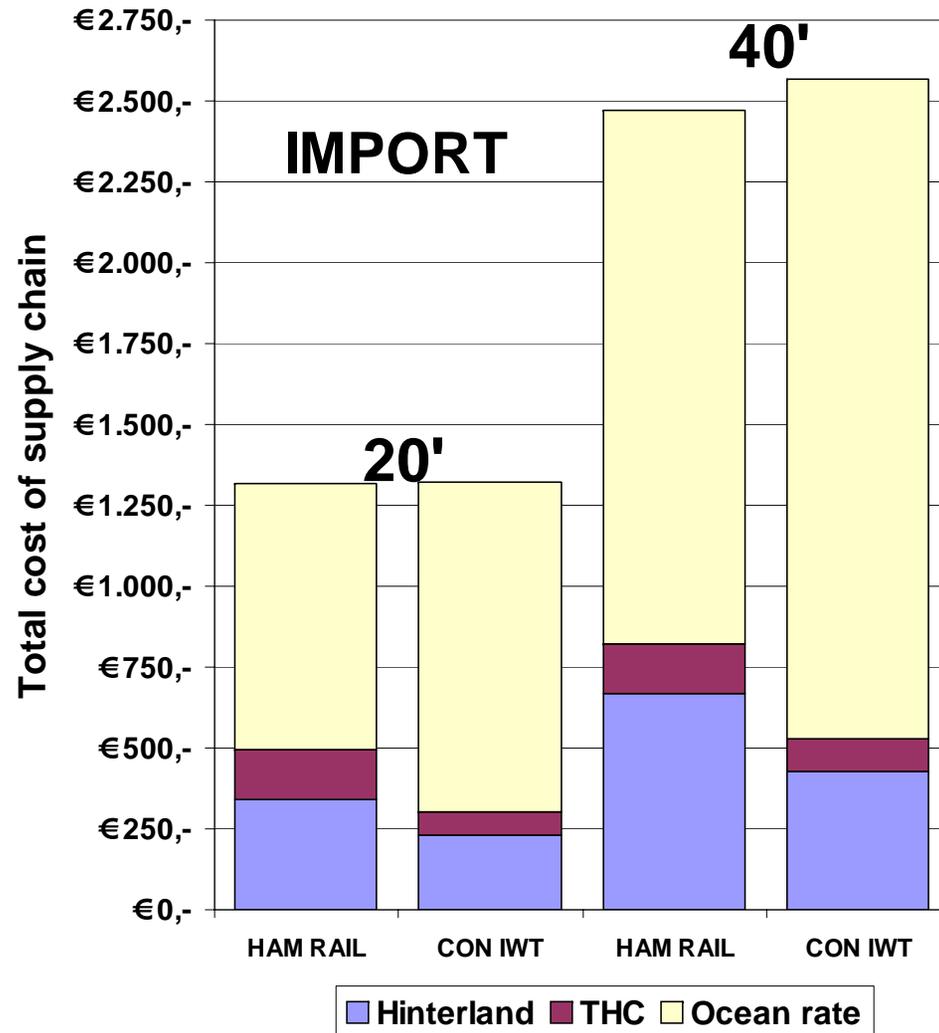


Transit time of total supply chain

IMPORT Shanghai -> Krems		Duration in days	EXPORT Krems -> Shanghai	
Hamburg + Rail	Constanta + IWT		Hamburg + Rail	Constanta + IWT
PORT of KREMS				
1,7	8,5	Hinterland connection (transport time rail resp. IWT incl. handling in inland terminals)	2,2	5,5
1,0	1,0	Seaport-time (Hamburg resp. Constanta)	1,0	1,0
27,0	23,0	Deep sea voyage (Direct service)	27,0	23,0
PORT SHANGHAI				
29,7	32,5		30,2	29,5
100%	109%		100%	98%

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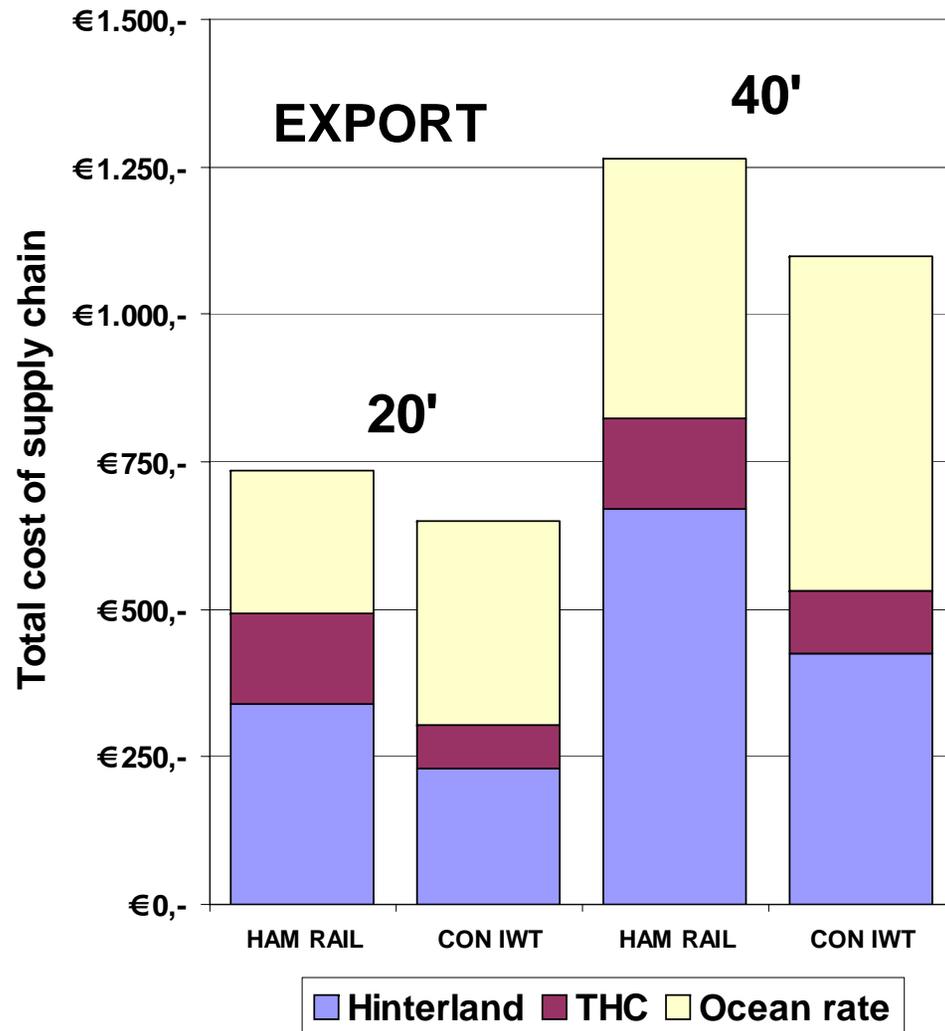
Cost comparison total supply chain (1)



Situation first quarter 2006:

Similar results due to high ocean rates from/to Constanta

Cost comparison total supply chain (2)



Situation first quarter 2006:

Cost savings via Constanta + Danube 12-13 %

Cost comparison total supply chain (3)

- **Assumption: convergence of ocean freight rates**
- Rate restoration North Continent, peak season surcharges, congestion problems
- Deletion of Bosphorus surcharge, increased competition within Black Sea, use of bigger deep sea vessels

⇒ **significant cost advantage for**

Constanta + Danube

Import: 11 to 14 %

Export: 20 to 23 %

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Environmental balance

TOTAL ENVIRONMENTAL BALANCE

CO₂ emission per container [kg]

	Hamburg + Rail	Constanta + IWT
SHANGHAI		
Deep sea	2,276.3	1,843.5
Hinterland	427.4	577.1
KREMS		
Hinterland	427.4	258.0
Deep sea	2,276.3	1,843.5
SHANGHAI		
Total	5,407.2	4,522.1
	100%	84%

**16 % less CO₂
per container!**

Source: via donau



Conclusions

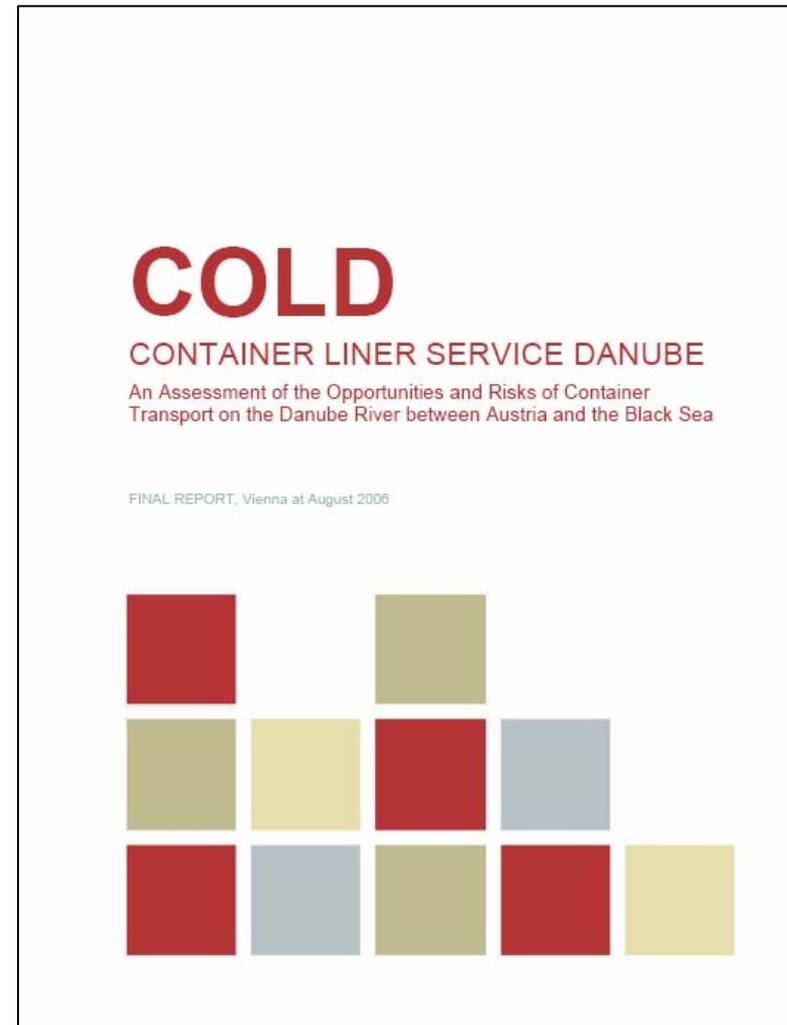
- **Alternative routing via Constanta and Danube highly attractive for trade between Asia and Central Europe:**
 - ⇒ Significant cost advantages when using specialised inland vessels
 - ⇒ Similar transit time for total supply chain
 - ⇒ Environmental balance very positive

Next steps

- **Distribution of final report, speeches at national and international events**
- **Involvement of overseas shipping companies and large industrial companies**
- **Verification of inland navigation concept:**
 - Availability of Danube vessels?
 - Substitute transport (high/low water, ice)?
 - Continental cargo (silo and tank containers)?
 - Intermediate ports in Hungary and Serbia?
- **Utilisation of National (Austria, Romania...) and EU-funding (Marco Polo II)?**

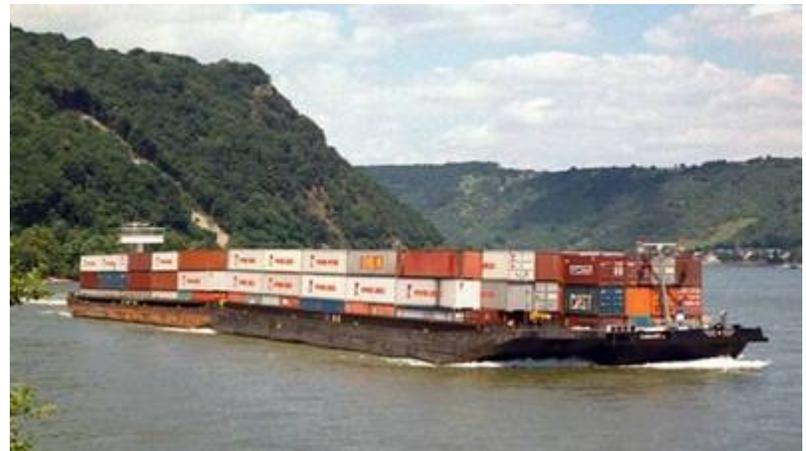
Final Report available in German and English language

Download at
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Soon to come...also on the Danube



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Gerhard Gussmagg

Team Manager Transport Development

via donau – Österreichische Wasserstraßen-Gesellschaft mbH

A-1220 Vienna, Donau-City-Straße 1, AUSTRIA

Tel +43 50 4321 1617, Fax +43 50 4321 1050

gerhard.gussmagg@via-donau.org

www.donauschifffahrt.info/transport

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