# Water Issues in Texas

### Topics to be Discussed

- Challenge to supplying water to fast growing areas in Texas
- Texas State water planning experiences
- Lake Texoma Advisory Committee
- Desalinization Issues
- Texas Water Rights

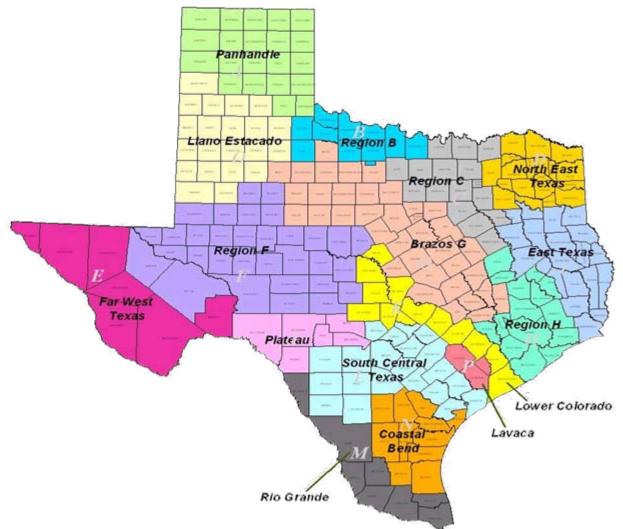
### **Texas Population Growth**

- Currently 23 million
- ◆ 2050 43-46 million (projected)

### Region C Water Population Details

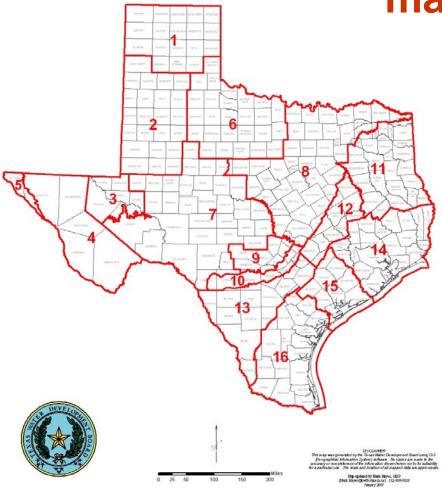
- Dallas/Fort Worth to Red River 27% of State's population by 2010
- ◆ 2008 6.3 million people (est.)
- Mid-century 11-12 million people (est.)

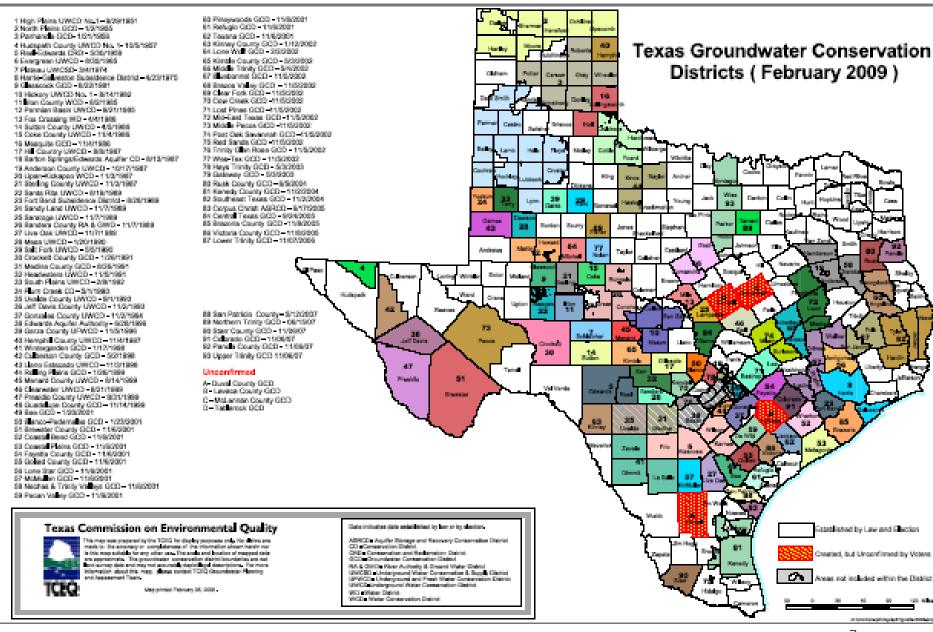
### State Water Planning Regions



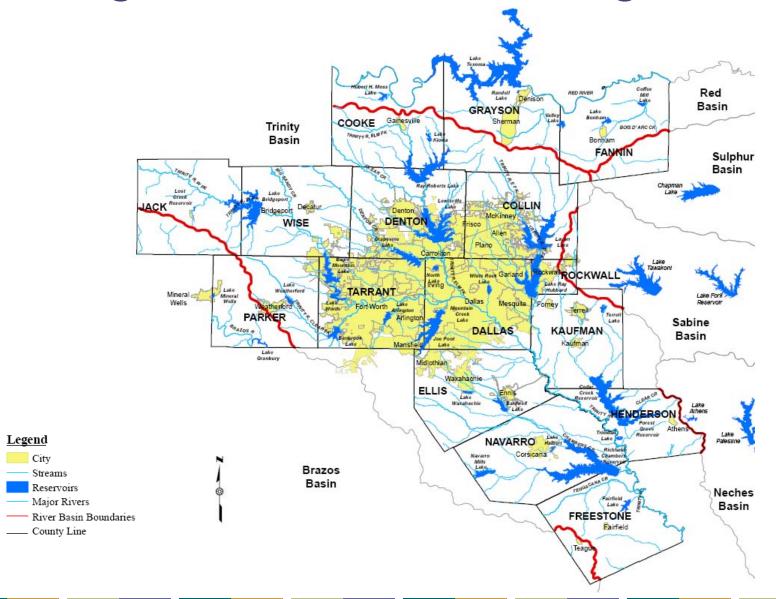
#### Groundwater Management Areas in Texas

### groundwater management areas



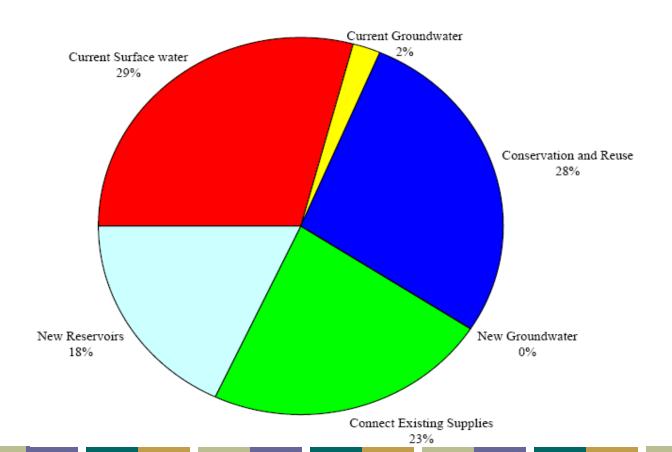


### Region C Water Planning Area



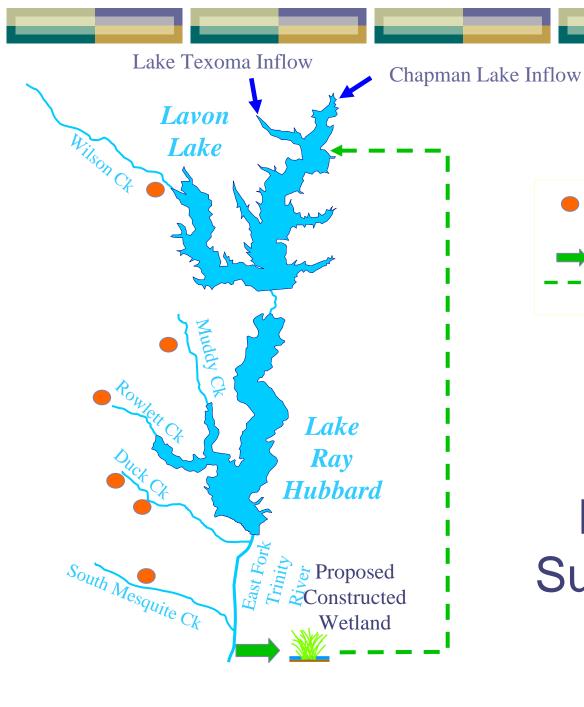
### Region C Water Plan Sources to Meet Needs by 2060

Figure ES.7 Sources of Water Available to Region C as of 2060



### Region C Water Plan - Strategies

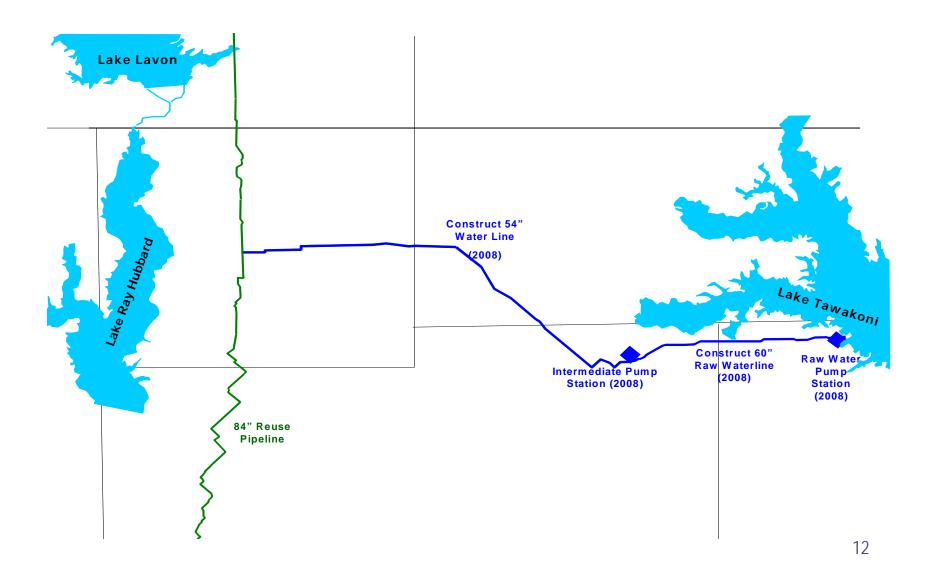
- Short Term/Intermediate
  - Conservation
  - Lake Texoma water
  - Reuse
    - Tarrant Regional Water District Richland Chambers
    - NTMWD 260mm Kaufman County to Lavon
  - Sabine Water
- Long Term
  - Lower Bois d'Arc in Fannin County
  - Major new reservoir Marvin Nichols
  - Lake Fastrill Dallas Water Utilities
  - Lake Ralph Hall Upper Trinity Water District
  - Water from Oklahoma



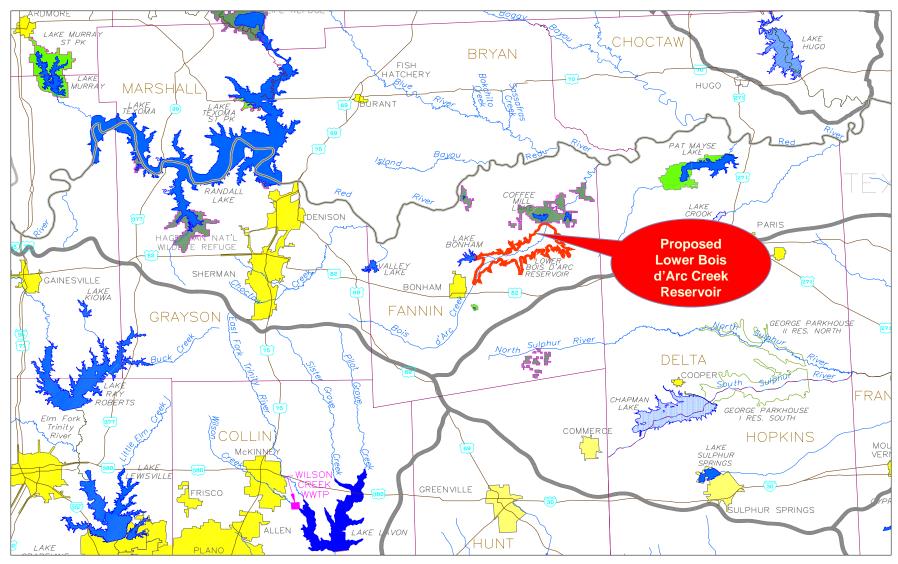
- Major Existing/ProposedWWTP
- Diversion Point
- **− − ►** Transfer Pathway

## East Fork Raw Water Supply Project

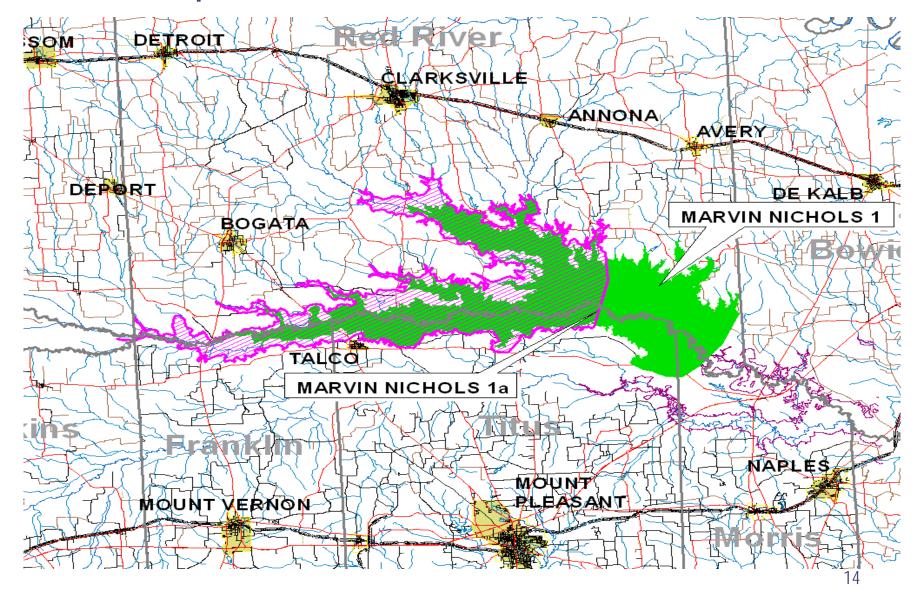
### SRA Upper Basin Supply Project Schematic



### Proposed Lower Bois d'Arc Creek Reservoir



#### Proposed Marvin Nichols Reservoir

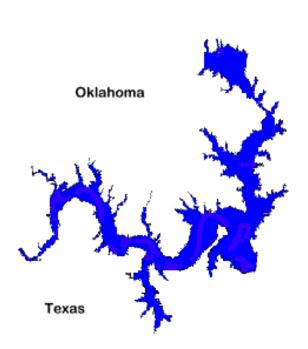


### Recommend Water Management Strategy Cost

- Additional 2.7 million acre-feet of water needed by 2060
- Total Capital Cost \$13,202,929,595

### Existing Surface Water Supplies in Region C

- Existing reservoirs primarily committed to DFW area water needs
- Lake Texoma
  - 3<sup>rd</sup> largest lake in Texas
  - 90% of available, existing water supplies in Region C
  - 4% devoted to municipal water
  - Remainder is flood control/hydropower

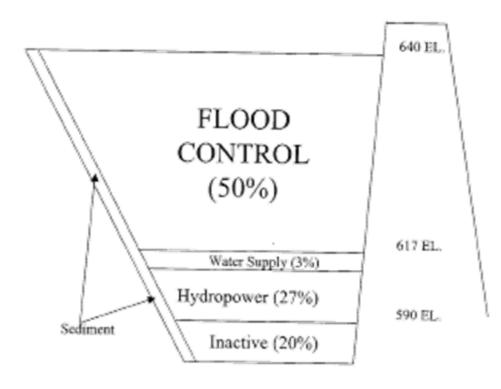


### Lake Texoma Reallocation

- 1986 Water Resources Act provided additional 50,000 acre-feet for GTUA member cities and water providers
- GTUA and NTMWD currently pursuing USACE for completion of Reallocation Study
- The Reallocation Study has been sent to the Assistant Secretary of the Army with a recommendation to approve and sign
- Anticipate receiving contracts July 2, 2009

#### WATER STORAGE IN LAKE TEXOMA

	Acre-Feet	Percentage
Total Capacity	5,194,200	100%
Flood Control Storage	2,613,800	50%
Power Storage	1,420,200	27%
Inactive Storage	1,010,200	20%
Municipal and Industrial	150,000	3%



### Lake Texoma Advisory Committee Background

- Lake Texoma is authorized by federal law for the purpose of flood control, hydropower, river flow control, and recreation
- 1985 NTMWD and GTUA entered into partnership to develop water resources in Lake Texoma
- Municipal and industrial water use currently constitutes only 3% of the volume of the lake
- Recreation interest in the lake (marine operators) became concerned over impact of water removal from the lake
- 1989 Congressman Hall (TX) and Congressman Watkins (OK) passed Public Law 100-71 creating the LTAC
- LTAC membership is approved by the Commander of the USACE Tulsa District
- LTAC purpose is to provide advice and recommendations to the USACE on operation of Lake Texoma

### Lake Texoma Advisory Committee

- Issues to be considered include, but are not limited to:
  - Lake level (pool) stabilization
  - Lake shore management
  - Water quality
  - Wildlife and fisheries management
  - Public recreation
  - Law enforcement
  - Cultural resource protection
  - Water safety
  - Erosion control
  - Land management
  - Other subjects that affect the overall lake area

### Lake Texoma Advisory Committee Membership

- Membership consists of 22-29 members
- These members include representatives from:
  - Lake associations
  - Water supply interests
  - Hydropower interests
  - Marina operators
  - State park departments
  - State and federal wildlife departments
  - Navigation interests
  - Real estate associations
  - County government
  - Environmental groups
  - Private boat dock interests
  - Flood control interests
  - Other interests as appropriate

### Lake Texoma Advisory Committee

- In 20 years of existence, the LTAC has accomplished several tasks
- The most important is the recognition and acceptance of the plan for the operation of Lake Texoma on a variable level
- An unwritten and unseen portion of the LTAC's function is to provide an opportunity for the various interest groups to express view points and gain an understanding in the multiple uses in which the lake serves
- Interests by other lakes in establishing a similar operation

### Desalinization Issues

- Much of the water in Texas has a total dissolved solid of 1,000+ mg/liter
- The Red River water in our area ranges from 1,150-1,200 mg/liter upstream to 2,000 mg/liter +
- The Brazos River has a high level of dissolved solids and ranges in the 1,800-2,500 mg/liter in the basin

### Desalinization Issues

- Brackish underground resources are also available in much of the state, but are not currently used
- These resources will need to be used in the future to meet growing population demand
- Technology for treatment is available today
  - Reverse Osmosis (RO) most common
  - Pressurizing raw water through filters
  - Electro-Dialysis Reversal (EDR) electrical energy to attract positive and negative ions in brackish water

### Cost of Desalinization

- Initial capital cost
- Continuing operational cost (electrical energy)
- Cost is directly related to cost of energy
- Reasonable to predict use of desalinized water will become more common in the future as fresh water resources are unable to meet the growing population demands for water
- Major environmental issue
  - Brine disposal
    - Mix with other water and discharge in stream (presents permitting issue). Cannot degrade the existing stream quality
    - Subsurface injection. Can be accomplished below fresh water is found, but is expensive

### **Texas Water Rights**

- State is deemed to own all surface water rights
- Definition includes all the water that falls from the sky separated by a break in vegetation
- Impoundment of less than 250 acre-feet of surface water is permitted for stock tanks and similar agricultural needs without acquiring a permit
- Anything greater than 250 acre-feet requires issuance of a permit from the State
- Regulatory agency is Texas is the TCEQ, formerly the TNRCC, formerly the Texas Department of Water Resources, formerly the Texas Water Commission, formerly the Texas Board of Water Engineers

### **Texas Water Permits**

- Permits required to be submitted to the state regulatory agency
- Must include engineering, legal and other data to support water right request
- Many of the 23 river basins in Texas have already been totally appropriated, especially those in the west part of the State
- Red River and Sabine River have not been overappropriated
- In cases where more water rights have been appropriated than exists in the basin, priority has been established by the date of the permit

### Texas Water Rights

- Transferring water from one river basin to another requires an interbasin transfer permit
  - Often difficult to achieve
- Water right permits are strictly monitored by the TCEQ and water use must be reported on an annual basis
- Water rights can be withdrawn for lack of use or additional disregard for permit conditions
- GTUA's water permit dates back to 1957, among the older permits in the Red River Basin