

# Missouri River Basin Water Management

US Army  
Corps of Engineers

## USACE-USGS Joint HQ Meeting

Jan 23, 2013

**Kevin Grode, P.E.**

Reservoir Regulation Team Lead

Missouri River Basin Water Management



®

US Army Corps of Engineers  
**BUILDING STRONG**®

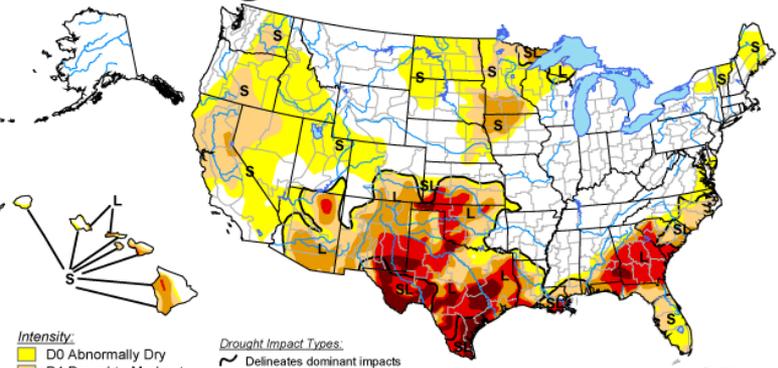


# U.S. Drought Monitor (comparison)

## U.S. Drought Monitor

January 17, 2012

Valid 7 a.m. EST



**Intensity:**  
 D0 Abnormally Dry  
 D1 Drought - Moderate  
 D2 Drought - Severe  
 D3 Drought - Extreme  
 D4 Drought - Exceptional

**Drought Impact Types:**  
 ~ Delineates dominant impacts  
 S = Short-Term, typically <6 months  
 (e.g. agriculture, grasslands)  
 L = Long-Term, typically >6 months  
 (e.g. hydrology, ecology)



Released Thursday, January 19, 2012

Author: Laura Edwards, WRCC, South Dakota State University

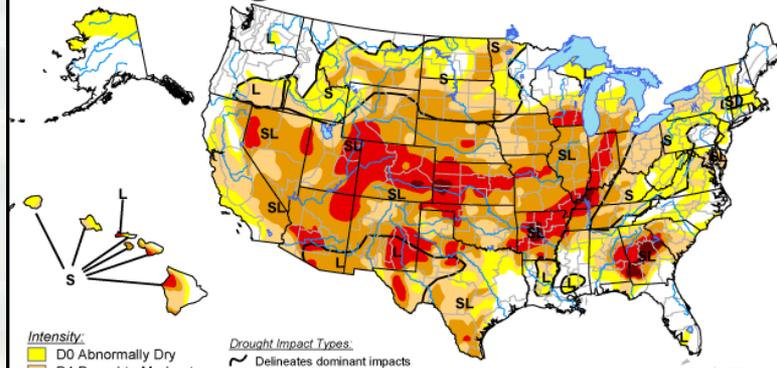
The Drought Monitor focuses on broad-scale conditions. Local conditions may vary. See accompanying text summary for forecast statements.

<http://droughtmonitor.unl.edu/>

## U.S. Drought Monitor

July 17, 2012

Valid 7 a.m. EDT



**Intensity:**  
 D0 Abnormally Dry  
 D1 Drought - Moderate  
 D2 Drought - Severe  
 D3 Drought - Extreme  
 D4 Drought - Exceptional

**Drought Impact Types:**  
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 (e.g. hydrology, ecology)



Released Thursday, July 19, 2012

Author: Richard Heim/Liz Love-Brotak, NOAA/NESDIS/NCDC

The Drought Monitor focuses on broad-scale conditions. Local conditions may vary. See accompanying text summary for forecast statements.

<http://droughtmonitor.unl.edu/>

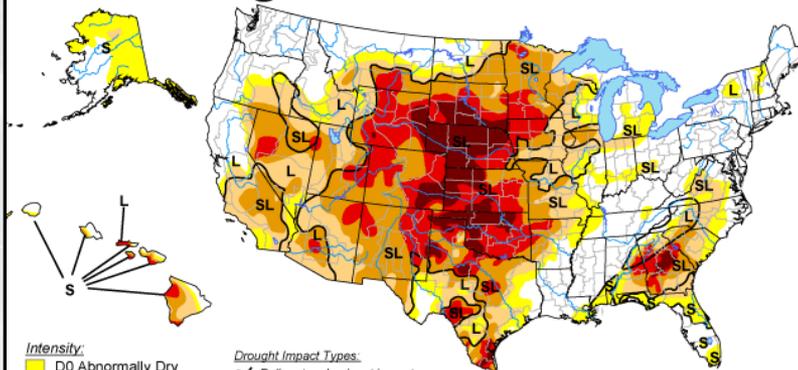
1 Year ago

6 Months ago

## U.S. Drought Monitor

January 15, 2013

Valid 7 a.m. EST



**Intensity:**  
 D0 Abnormally Dry  
 D1 Drought - Moderate  
 D2 Drought - Severe  
 D3 Drought - Extreme  
 D4 Drought - Exceptional

**Drought Impact Types:**  
 ~ Delineates dominant impacts  
 S = Short-Term, typically <6 months  
 (e.g. agriculture, grasslands)  
 L = Long-Term, typically >6 months  
 (e.g. hydrology, ecology)



Released Thursday, January 17, 2013

Author: David Simeral, Western Regional Climate Center

The Drought Monitor focuses on broad-scale conditions. Local conditions may vary. See accompanying text summary for forecast statements.

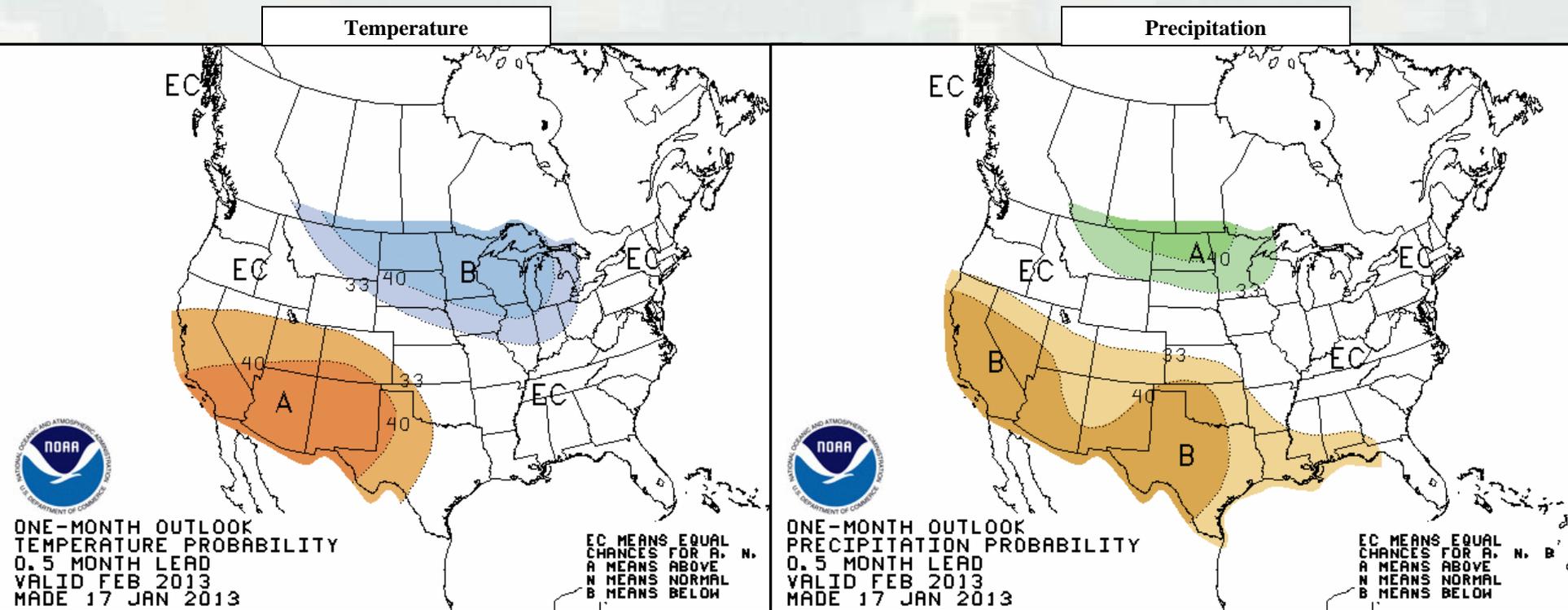
<http://droughtmonitor.unl.edu/>

**Drought conditions have developed or expanded dramatically throughout the Missouri River Basin over the past 12 months.**

Graphics courtesy of National Drought Mitigation Center

Most recent...

# CPC 1-Month Outlook (February 2013)

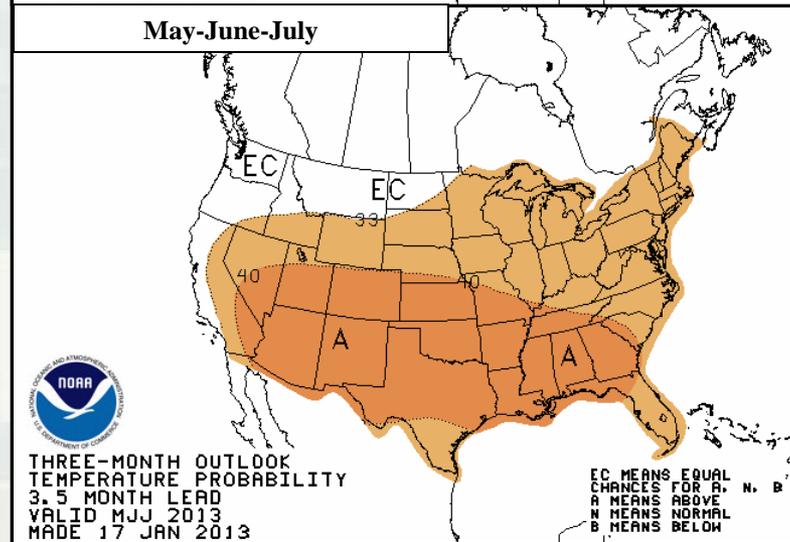
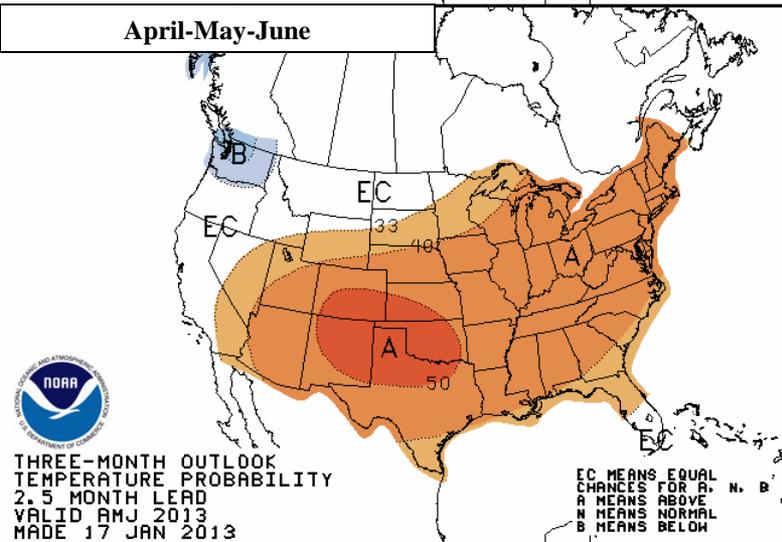
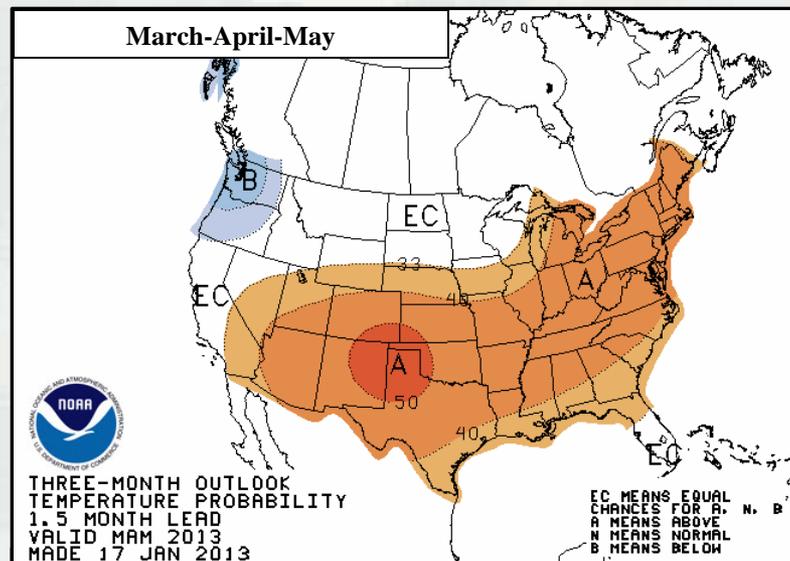
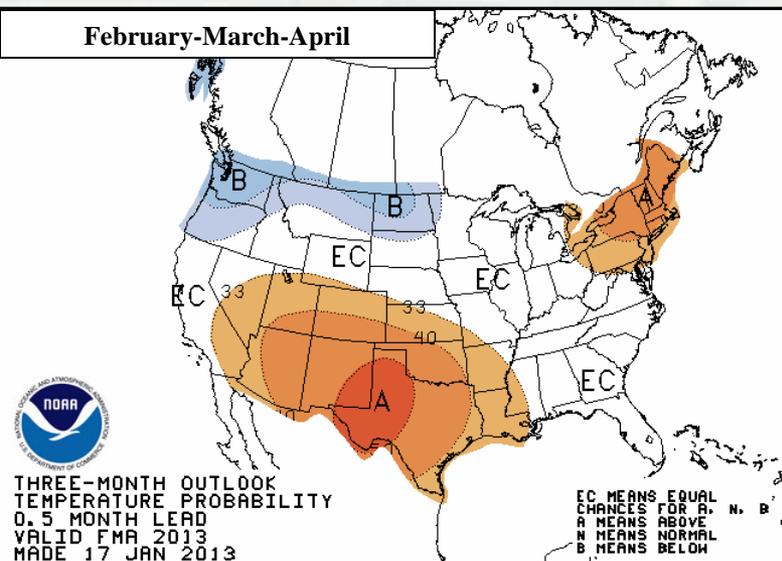


- Omaha and Upstream: Cooler than normal
- Remainder of Basin: Near average temps

- Upper Basin: Above average moisture
- Remainder of Basin: Near average moisture

# CPC 3-Month Temperature Outlooks

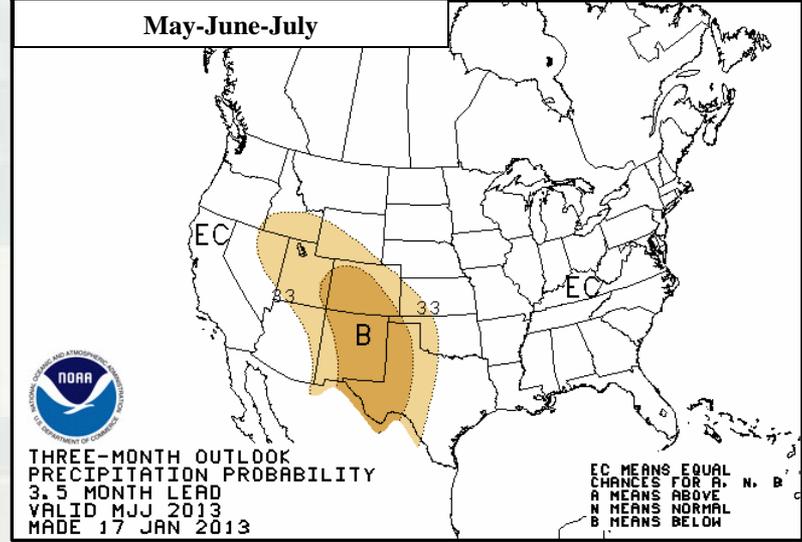
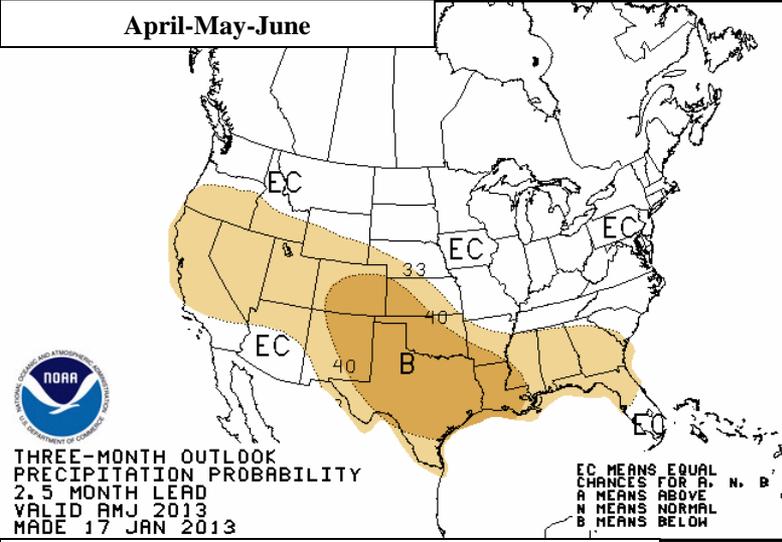
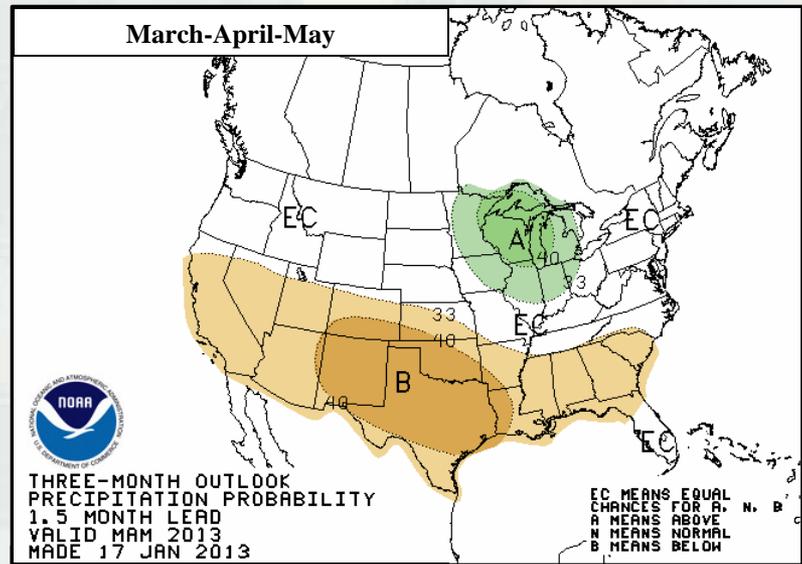
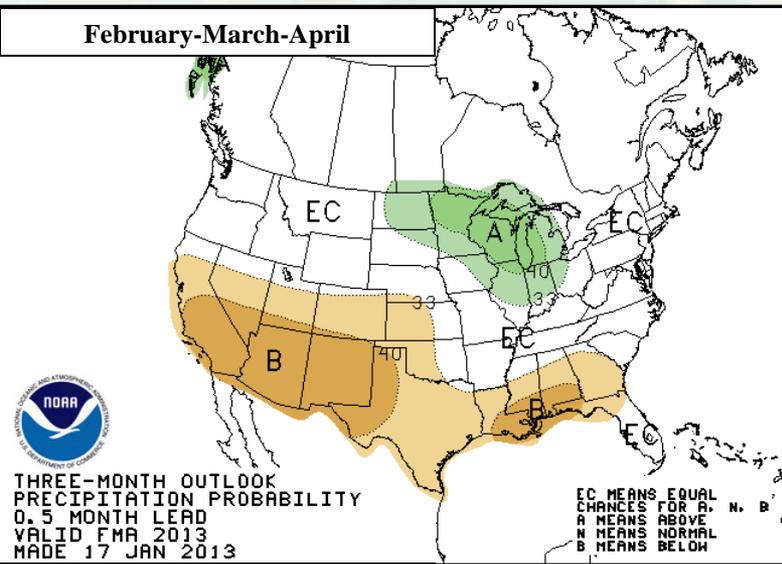
(17 January 2013 update)



Graphics courtesy of NOAA Climate Prediction Center

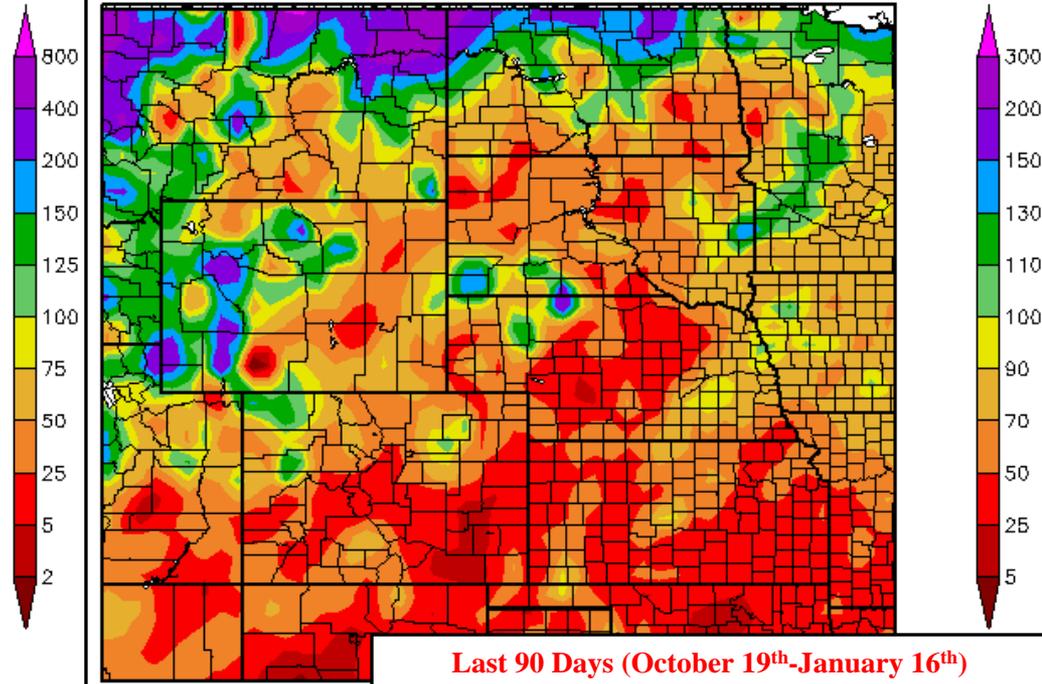
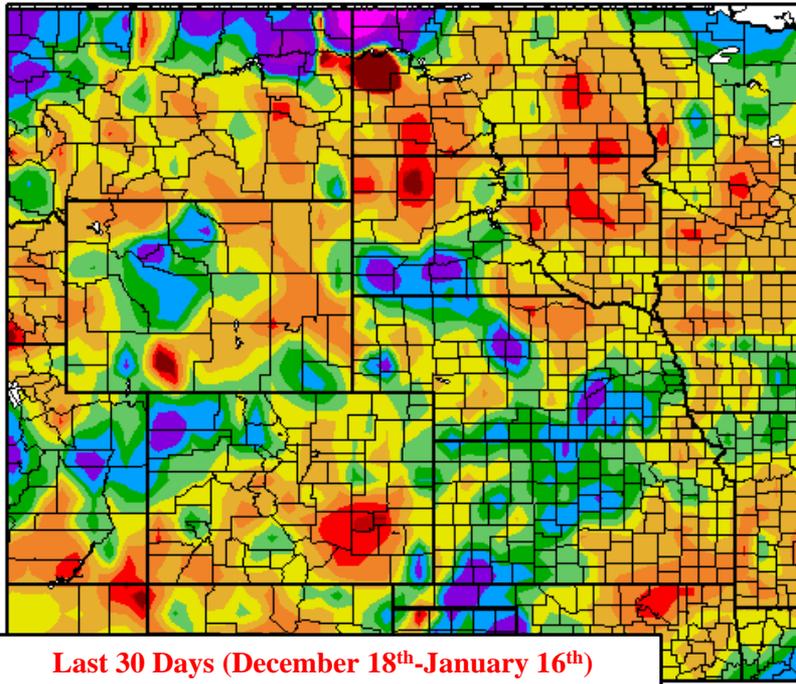
# CPC 3-Month Precipitation Outlooks

(17 January 2013 update)



Graphics courtesy of NOAA Climate Prediction Center

# Recent Precipitation (Percent of Normal)



## > 200% of normal

- Northern Montana/Northwestern North Dakota
- Southwestern South Dakota
- Isolated parts of Nebraska

## < 25% of normal

- Portions of North and South Dakota

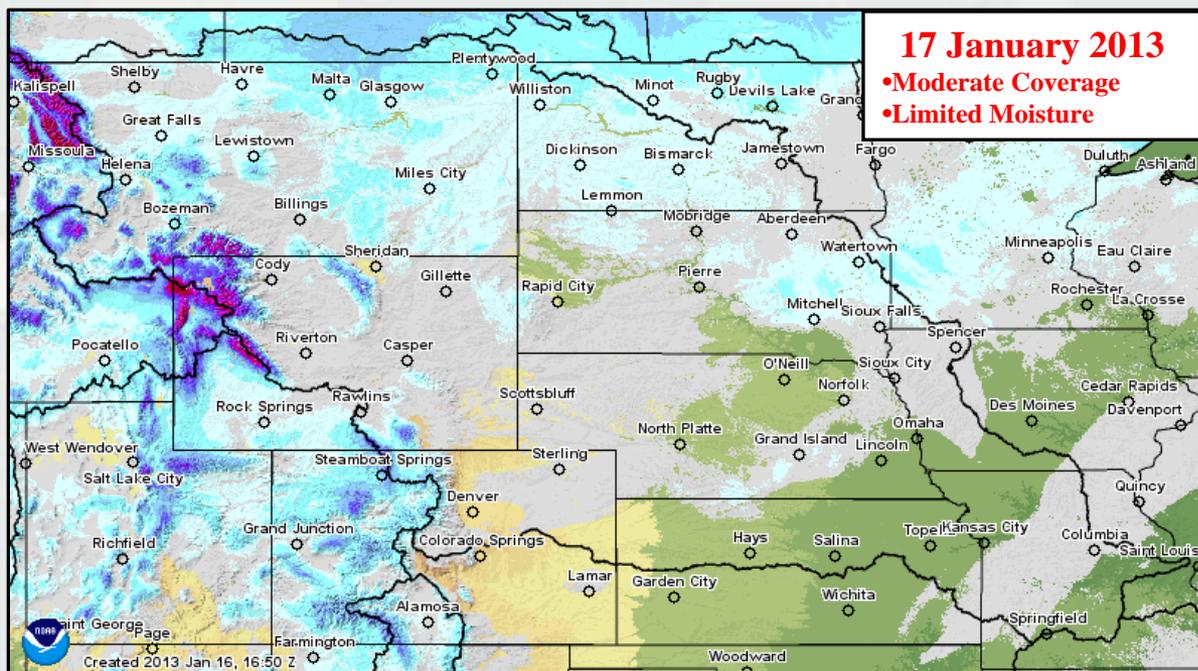
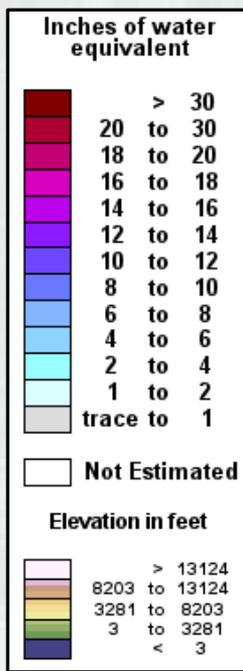
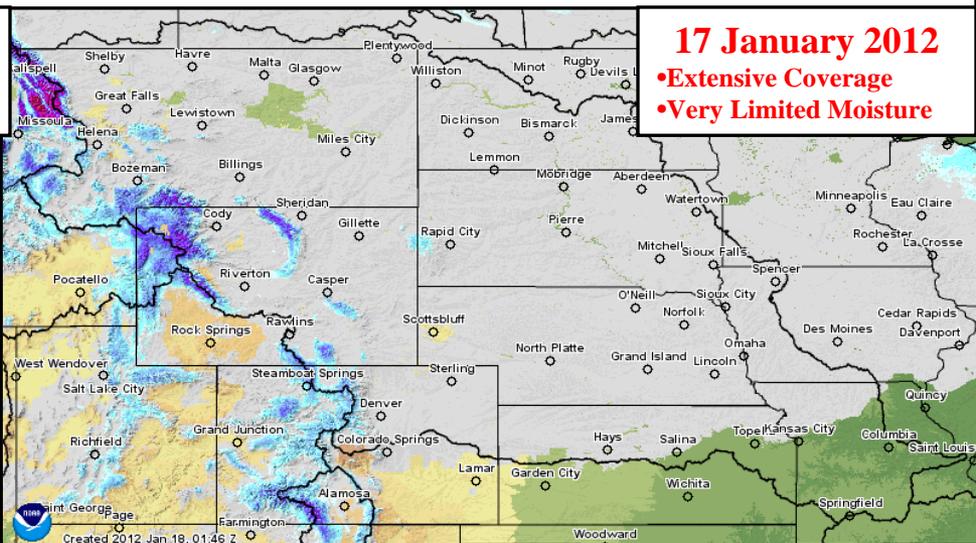
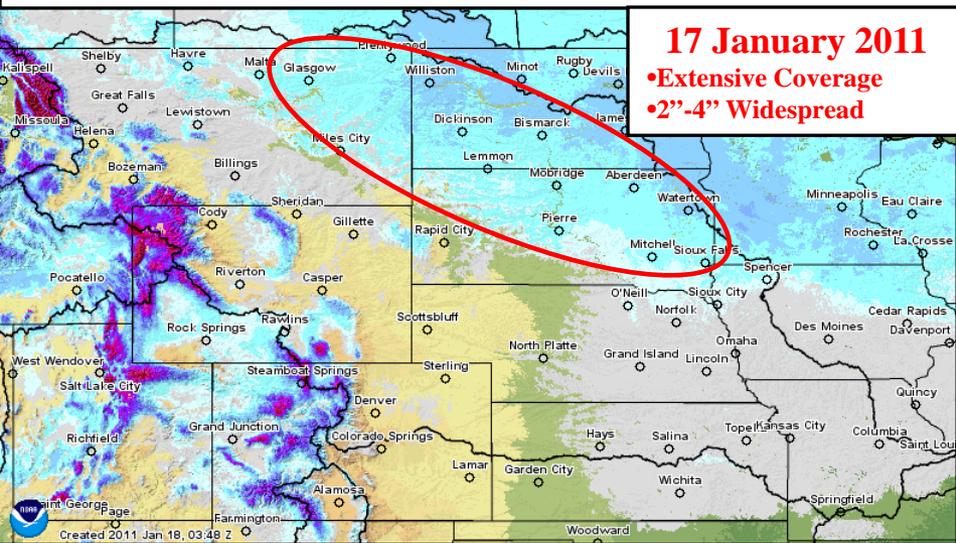
## > 150% of normal

- Northern Montana
- Northern North Dakota

## < 50% of normal

- Isolated parts of the Dakotas/Wyoming
- Central Nebraska
- Much of Kansas

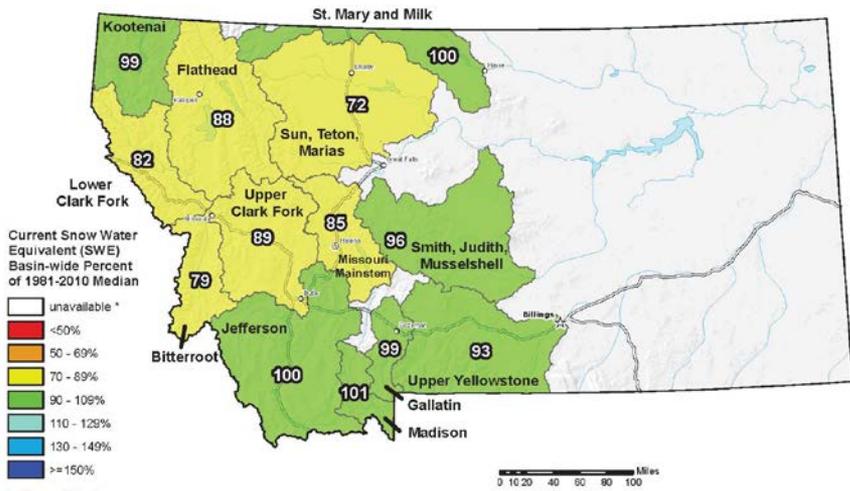
# Plains Snowpack (comparison)



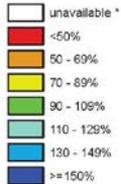
Graphics courtesy of National Weather Service NOHRSC  
 (National Operational Hydrologic Remote Sensing Center)

### Montana SNOTEL Current Snow Water Equivalent (SWE) % of Normal

Jan 20, 2013



Current Snow Water Equivalent (SWE) Basin-wide Percent of 1981-2010 Median



\* Data unavailable at time of coding or measurement is not representative at this time of year

Provisional Data Subject to Revision

The snow water equivalent percent of normal represents the current snow water equivalent found at selected SNOTEL sites in or near the basin compared to the average value for those sites on this day. Data based on the first reading of the day (typically 00:00).

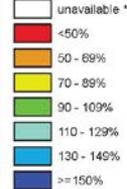


Prepared by the USDA/NRCS National Water and Climate Center Portland, Oregon <http://www.wcc.nrcs.usda.gov/gis/>

### Wyoming SNOTEL Current Snow Water Equivalent (SWE) % of Normal

Jan 20, 2013

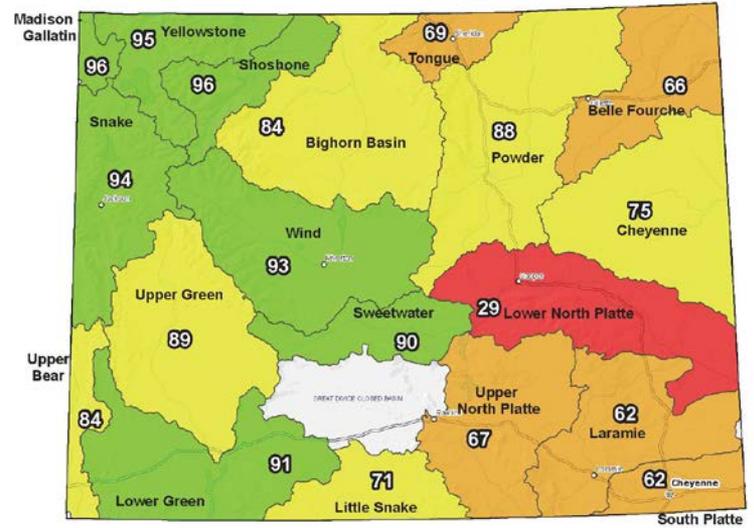
Current Snow Water Equivalent (SWE) Basin-wide Percent of 1981-2010 Median



Provisional Data Subject to Revision



The snow water equivalent percent of normal represents the current snow water equivalent found at selected SNOTEL sites in or near the basin compared to the average value for those sites on this day.

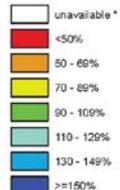


Prepared by the USDA/NRCS National Water and Climate Center Portland, Oregon <http://www.wcc.nrcs.usda.gov/gis/> Based on data from <http://www.wcc.nrcs.usda.gov/ports/> Science contact: Jim Marron [por.usda.gov](mailto:por.usda.gov) 503 414 3047

### Colorado SNOTEL Current Snow Water Equivalent (SWE) % of Normal

Jan 20, 2013

Current Snow Water Equivalent (SWE) Basin-wide Percent of 1981-2010 Median



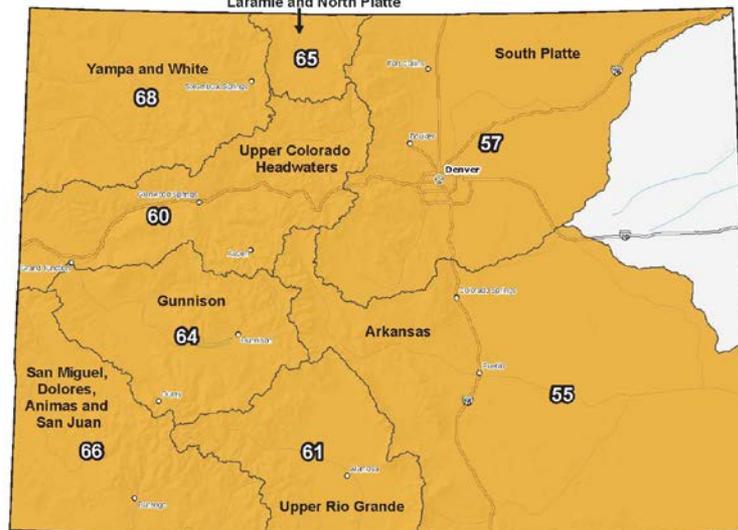
\* Data unavailable at time of coding or measurement is not representative at this time of year

Provisional Data Subject to Revision



The snow water equivalent percent of normal represents the current snow water equivalent found at selected SNOTEL sites in or near the basin compared to the average value for those sites on this day. Data based on the first reading of the day (typically 00:00).

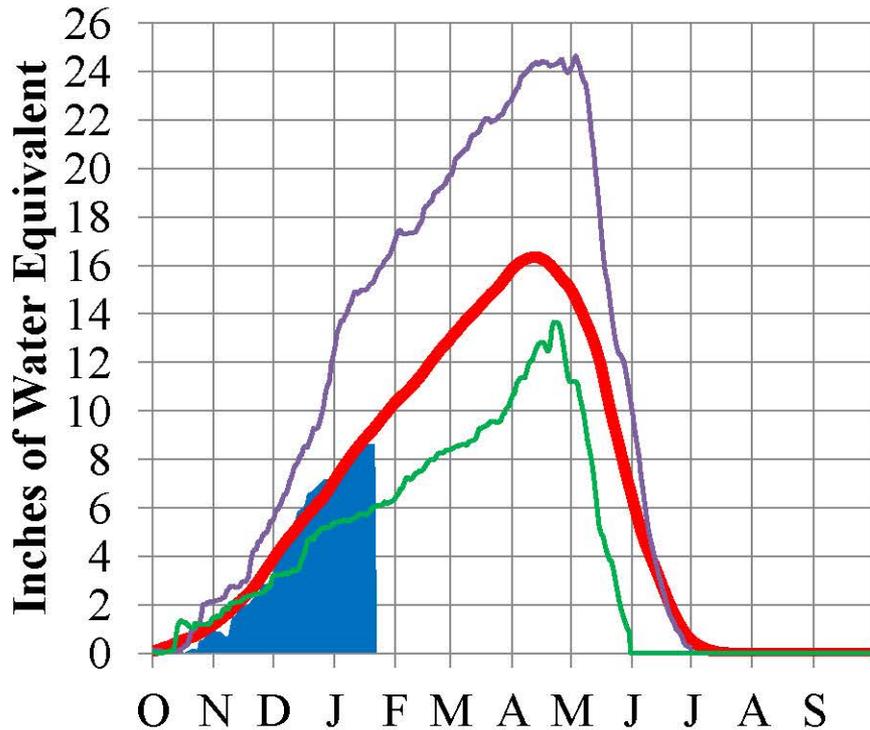
Prepared by the USDA/NRCS National Water and Climate Center Portland, Oregon <http://www.wcc.nrcs.usda.gov/gis/> Based on data from <http://www.wcc.nrcs.usda.gov/ports/> Science contact: Jim Marron [por.usda.gov](mailto:por.usda.gov) 503 414 3047



# Missouri River Basin – Mountain Snowpack Water Content 2012-2013 with comparison plots from 1997\* and 2001\*

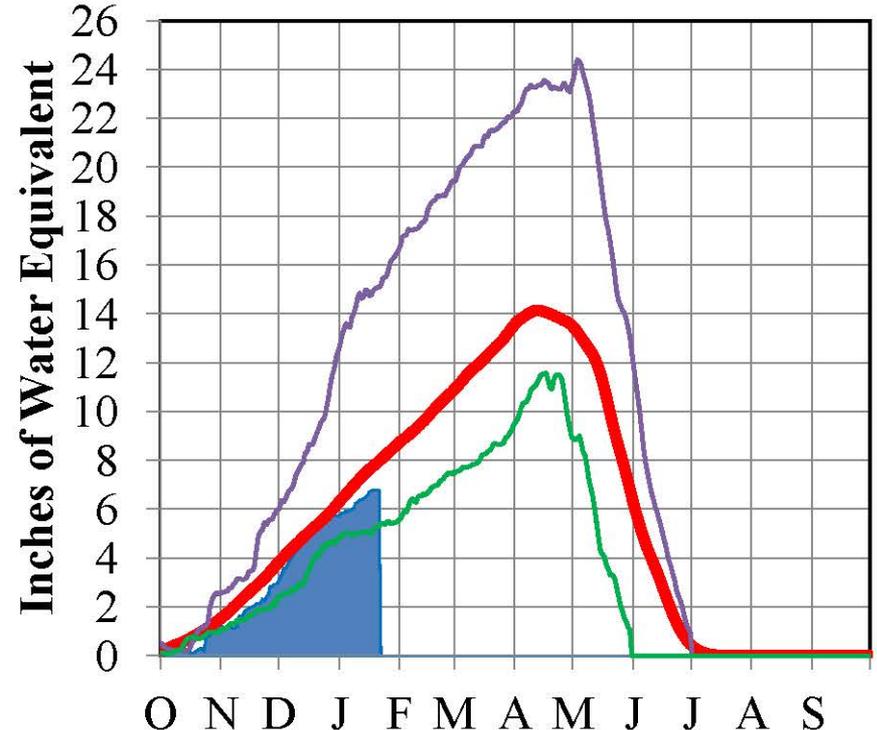
Jan 22, 2013

## Total above Fort Peck



■ 2012-13    ■ 1981-2010 Ave    ■ 1997    ■ 2001

## Total Fort Peck to Garrison



■ 2012-13    ■ 1981-2010 Ave    ■ 1997    ■ 2001

The Missouri River basin mountain snowpack normally peaks near April 15. By January 15, normally 54% of the peak has accumulated. On January 22, 2013 the mountain snowpack SWE in the “Total above Fort Peck” reach is currently 8.6”, 93% of average. The mountain snowpack SWE in the “Total Fort Peck to Garrison” reach is currently 6.8”, 85% of average.

\*Generally considered the high and low year of the last 20-year period.

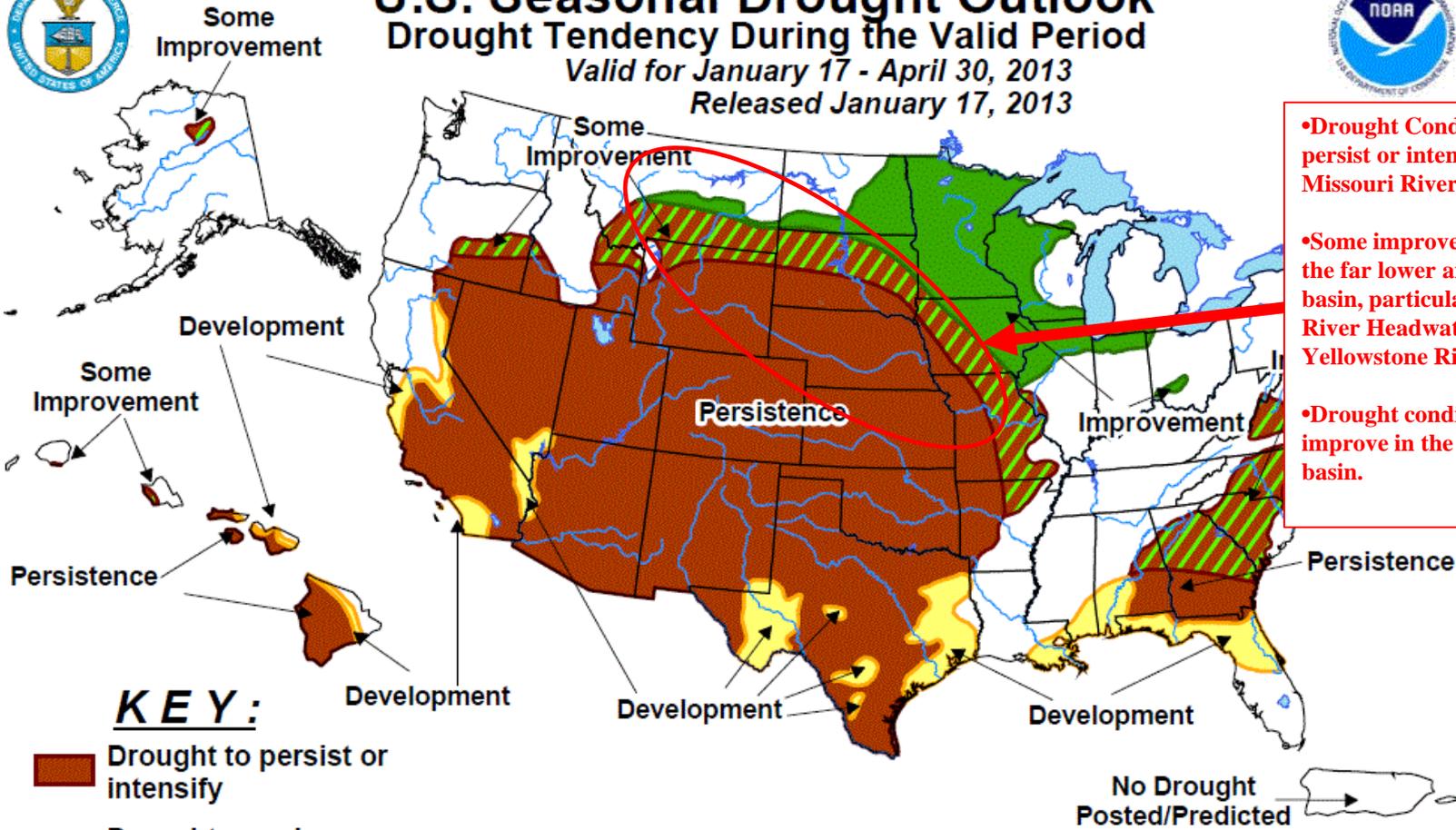
Provisional data. Subject to revision.

# U.S. Drought Forecast



## U.S. Seasonal Drought Outlook Drought Tendency During the Valid Period

Valid for January 17 - April 30, 2013  
Released January 17, 2013



- Drought Conditions are forecasted to persist or intensify across most of the Missouri River Basin into spring 2013.
- Some improvement will be possible in the far lower and upper portions of the basin, particularly near the Missouri River Headwaters and in the Yellowstone River basin.
- Drought conditions are more likely to improve in the upper James River basin.

### KEY:

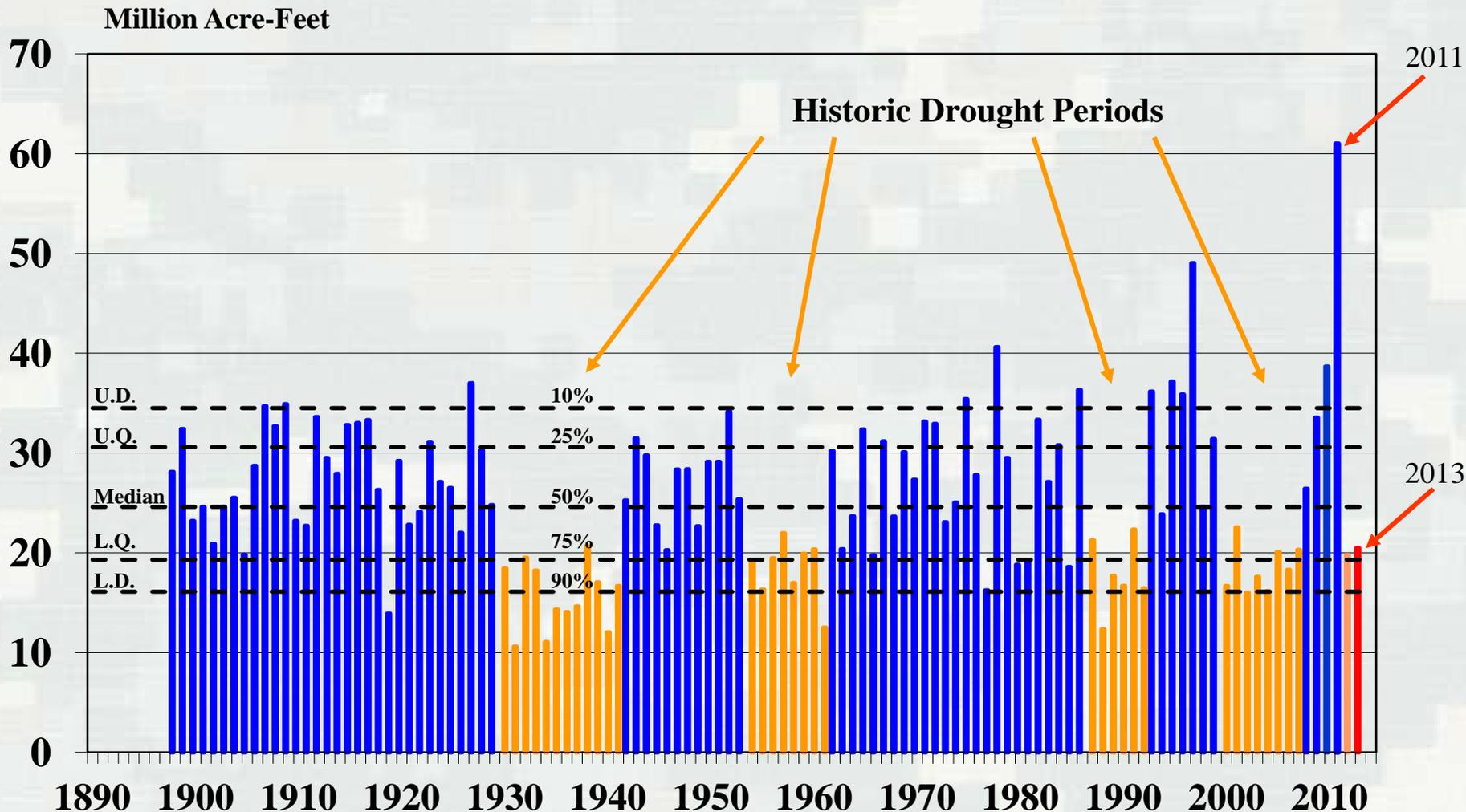
- Drought to persist or intensify
- Drought likely to improve, impacts ease
- Drought development likely
- Drought ongoing, some improvement

Depicts large-scale trends based on subjectively derived probabilities guided by short- and long-range statistical and dynamical forecasts. Short-term events -- such as individual storms -- cannot be accurately forecast more than a few days in advance. Use caution for applications -- such as crops -- that can be affected by such events. "Ongoing" drought areas are approximated from the Drought Monitor (D1 to D4 intensity). For weekly drought updates, see the latest U.S. Drought Monitor. NOTE: the green improvement areas imply at least a 1-category improvement in the Drought Monitor intensity levels, but do not necessarily imply drought elimination.

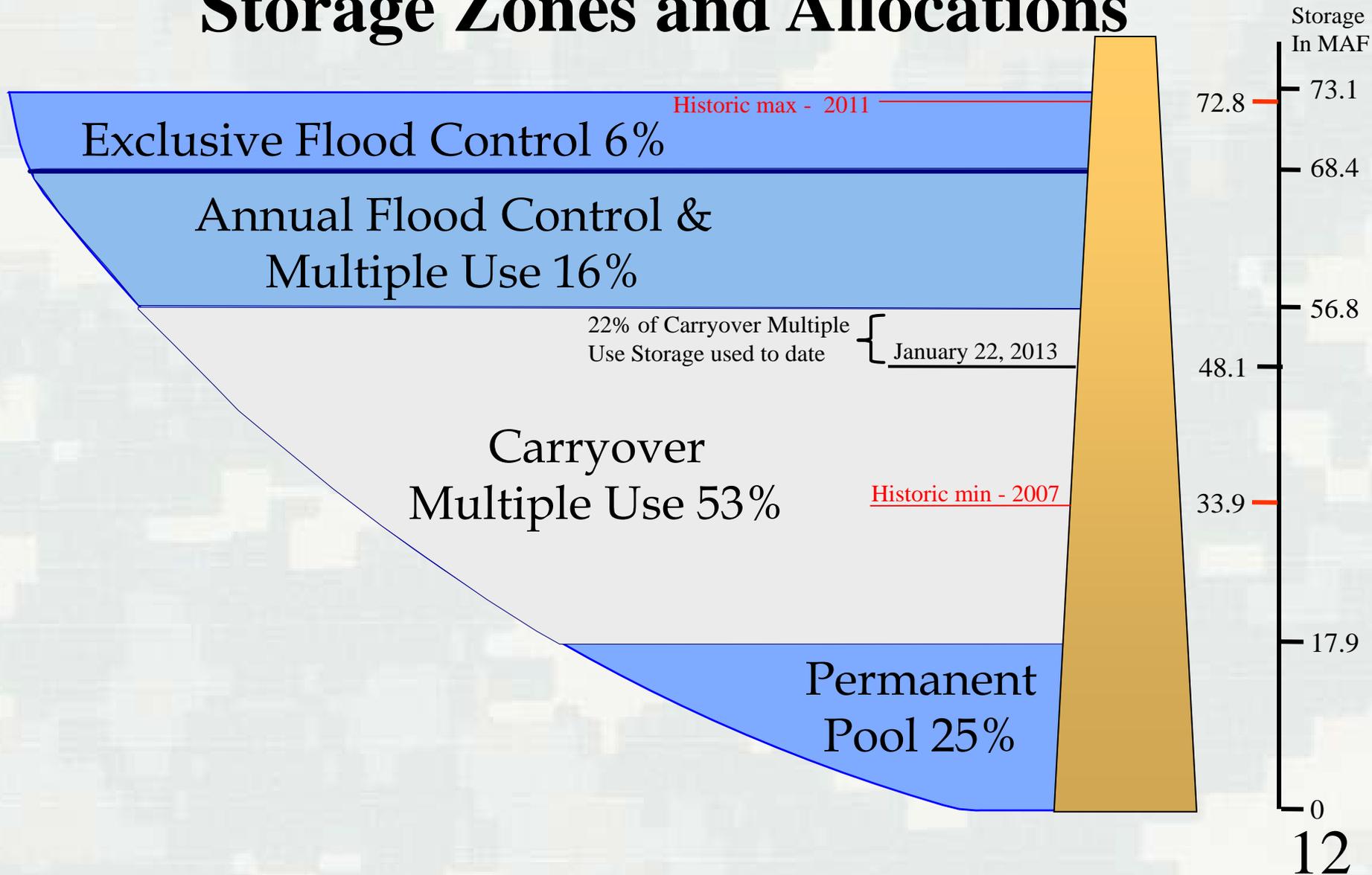
Graphics courtesy of NOAA

Most recent...

# Missouri River Mainstem System Annual Runoff above Sioux City, IA

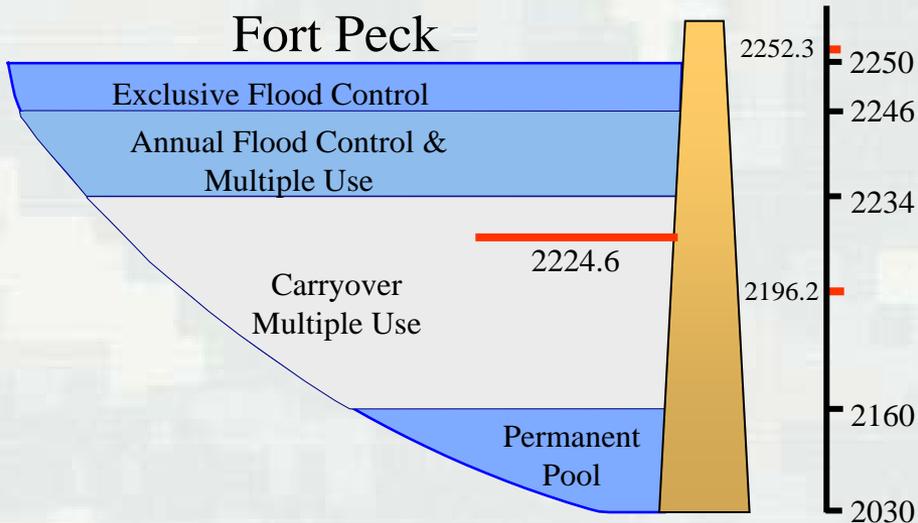


# Missouri River Mainstem System Storage Zones and Allocations



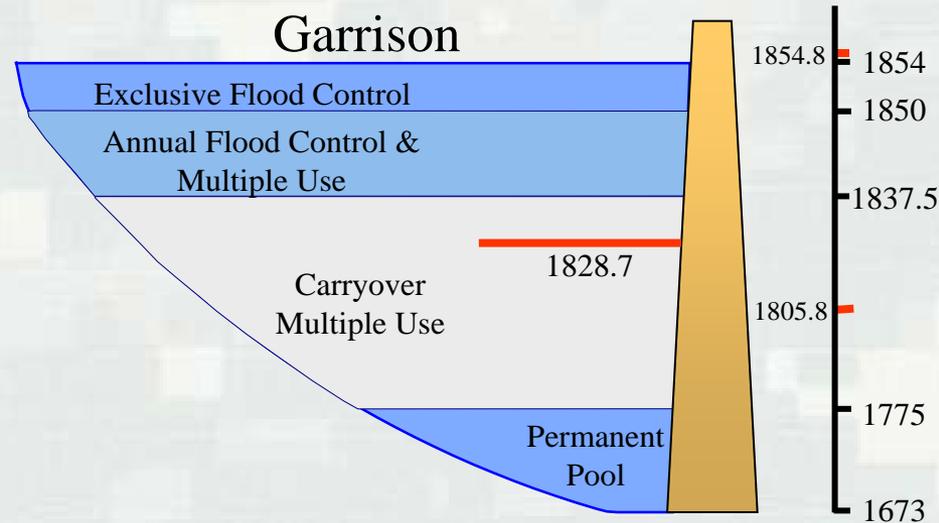
# Current Reservoir Levels – January 22, 2013

## Fort Peck



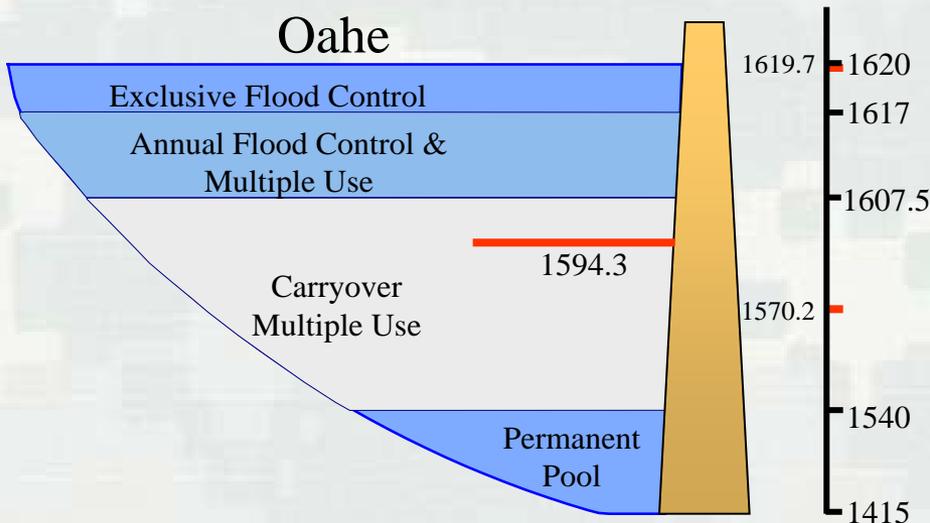
9.4 feet below base of Flood Control

## Garrison



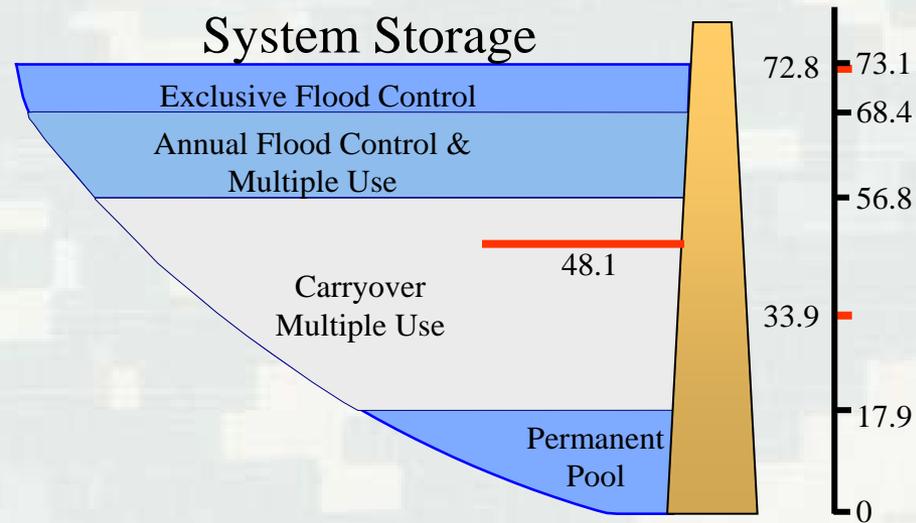
8.8 feet below base of Flood Control

## Oahe



13.2 feet below base of Flood Control

## System Storage



8.7 MAF below base of Flood Control

# Planned Operation for 2013

- 8.6 MAF below the base of the Annual Flood Control zone at the start of the 2013 runoff season
  - ▶ 22 percent of drought storage utilized in 2012
- Drought conservations measures will be implemented
  - ▶ Minimum winter releases, reduced support for navigation, missing navigation targets in reaches without commercial navigation, use of the Kansas Basin reservoirs for navigation support, cycling Gavins Point releases
- Missouri River navigation flow support
  - ▶ Minimum service likely for the first half of the navigation season
  - ▶ Shortening of the navigation season possible if drought persists



# Planned Operation for 2013 (cont'd)

- No Gavins Point spring pulse in 2013 per USFWS
- Favor Oahe and Fort Peck during the forage fish spawn if inflows are not sufficient to keep all three upper reservoir rising
- Additional potential for exposure of historic and cultural sites and boat ramp access issues if drought continues
- Public meetings tentatively scheduled week of April 8, 2013
- Monthly calls with Congressional delegations, Tribes, states and local officials and media
  - ▶ Audio file available on website or as podcast on iTunes



# Thank You!

Kevin Grode, P.E.

402.996.3870

kevin.r.grode@usace.army.mil

<http://www.nwd-mr.usace.army.mil/rcc/>

Or Google “Corps Missouri River”

