

US Army Corps of Engineers.

Inland Waterways Users Board 2 November 2007

Status of Navigation Safety Efforts



Result of Severe Outdraft Currents



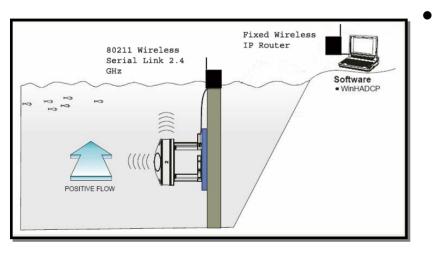


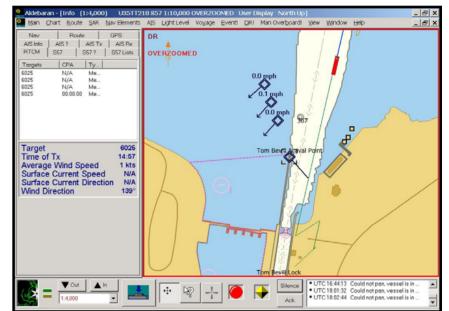
Real Time Current Velocity System

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Capability Being Developed

- Real Time Outdraft & Wind Measurement that is transmitted to tows approaching a Corps lock and dam
- Final Products
 - RTCV systems Installed on Corps structures with known outdraft problems





- Benefits: Improved Safety on Inland Waterways
 - Real Time Data provided for the mariner to make better decisions
 - Utilizes USCG's Automatic Identification System (AIS) Architecture
 - Utilizes inland electronic navigation charts (IENCs)



Lock Distance Measurement System

- Capability Being Developed
 - Every vessel Receives
 Real Time Distance
 - Distance Can be
 Transmitted by AIS
 - Displayed on IENCs
 Providing ±3ft Accuracy





Review of Navigation Allisions at Corps Locks and Dams

Continue review of navigation accidents from Jan 2002 – May 2007 (and from Jan 2006 – May 2007 within USCG 8th District) to determine cause, impact, and possible and recommended solutions to decrease the number, severity, impact, and repair cost of allisions – resulting in increased reliability of system.



Glare Elimination/Reduction at Corps Locks and Dams

- Identify Corps navigation projects where glare of lock and dam signs causes tow pilot night vision loss or compromise.
- Seek ways to reduce or eliminate glare impacts.



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Coastal & River Information Service (CRIS)

Benefits

- Improve safety at Corps projects
- Improve level of reliability
- Improve lock and traffic management strategies
- Transmit real time operational data to/from the vessel
 - Electronic Navigation Charts Updates
 - Lock condition (available, queue)
 - Real time current and wind velocities
 - River stage, water releases
 - Navigation safety information (hazards, AToN status, etc.)
 - Tow and commodity information



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USCG National Automatic Identification System (NAIS) Requirements for inland Waterways

Currently receive only in 5 locations:

- Huntington, WV
- Cincinnati, OH
- Pittsburgh, PA
- St Louis, MO
- Memphis, TN





USCG-USACE AIS Demo project – Louisville, KY McAlpine Lock

- VTS Louisville high water operations
- Only US VTS currently without AIS
 - Needed to monitor traffic
 - Manage river at high water
- Site survey January 2007
- Full transmit/receive capability
- AIS transmit capability "test bed"
 - Met-Hydro binary
 - Vessel report rate
- Shared USCG-ACOE infrastructure





USCG/NOAA/USACE AIS Demo project – Galveston, TX

 Galveston, TX – Galveston Causeway Bridge – USCG/NOAA/Corps – with navigation industry purchasing and maintaining the equipment





Navigation Safety Efforts The Way Ahead

- More cost effective solutions are being sought because of constrained funding
- Continue working with the nav industry to identify and place Real Time Current Velocity (RTCV) at navigation locks with severe outdraft.
 - Smithland
 - Red 2 Upper Montgomery Marseilles
- Mel Price

- McAlpine
- MS R. 3
- Dresden Island Lagrange - Markland
 - L&D 24
- Continue development of lock distance measurement system - electronic and visual data transfer



Navigation Safety Efforts The Way Ahead (cont'd)

- FY 08+
 - ERDC led PDT begin a literature search and study of energy absorbing systems that might be adaptable to lock approaches
 - If alternative measures are deemed feasible, plan and execute a demonstration of this capability at a navigation industry/Corps - identified location
 - Place RTCV units at the 10 most critical outdraft condition locks
 - Work with navigation industry to identify other critical outdraft locations



CRIS - Next Steps

- Formal Establishment of CRIS
 - Currently preparing an MOU for the USCG, NOAA, and USACE that will establish agency commitment and establish CMTS as recognized Federal Focal Point
- Draft MOU with USCG to formalize a plan of sharing infrastructure and to define the Corps roles within the USCG's NAIS program.
- Formally establish the CRIS Demo in Louisville
 - Solidify the partnership between the USCG and the Corps to develop CRIS on the Inland Waterways



CRIS – Future Actions

- Partnership with industry via a PDT
 IWUB, MTSNAC, NAVSAC, AWO, IWC
- Harmonize Federal data definitions
- Establish one Federal set of standards
- Align with international and inter-modal standards
- Coordinate with Federal International efforts



Navigation Safety Efforts

- Appropriate RTCV system placement
- Distance measurement
- Accident review
- Glare elimination/reduction
- CRIS development and AIS data sharing
- ALL these require navigation industry input and assistance!
- We need your help in making our inland waterways safer.



Navigation Safety Efforts

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QUESTIONS?